had intended to use it in going to Baltimore last night. It was valued at $17,900 and was one of the most richly furnished cars in the country.

complexion. To secure this, purify your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It has no equal. Price, $1. Six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

OATS—Jan 43¾; May 45⅞.
PORK—Jan $10 10; May $10.60.
LARD—Jan $5.70; May $6.15.
RIBS—Jan $4.85; May $5.32.

vation Oil, for it conquers the worst cases of rheumatism and neuralgia at once. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

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Decatur Weekly Republican.

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TERMS:
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LOCAL NEWS.

STANLEY, Stanley is coming.

JOHN W. BELL, of Decatur, has been granted an original pension.

TAKE dinner at W. A. Combs' restaurant. Fine lunches at any hour.

IT WILL pay you to see the great play, "Shenandoah," on Tuesday evening, Feb. 3.

E. D. BACON and W. H. Moore have engaged in the chicken business at Moweaqua.

THE remains of the late Mrs. Ann Martin were taken to Jacksonville Sunday morning.

DR. J. T. HUBBARD has been granted a pension of $8 per month, dating from September, 1889.

WORKMEN employed in sinking a well for the Illinois Central at Tuscola, struck a vein of coal at 170 feet.

C. B. PRESCOTT is the veteran Decatur music dealer. His dealers are the Haines, Everett and sterling pianos. They have no equals in tone or finish. Buy one.

C. A. DILLIS and W. H. Randolph, of Dayton, Ohio, had planned to operate a $20,000 ice factory at Champaign, but the failure to get Champaign people to take $6,000 stock in the enterprise, has caused the strangers to flit away.

THE other day Ed. Hamilton, of Blue Mound, procured a marriage license for James A. Neblott and Amy Moler, who had arranged to get married. Ed. paid the county clerk the dollar fee, but when he arrived at Blue Mound with the license he refused to fork over the document because Jim didn't have a dollar. A last accounts Ed had the license and Jim was hustling for the dollar.

SATURDAY Judge Vail dissolved the injunction against the commissioners of Bourbon and Garrett townships, Douglas county, which for over a year has restrained the completion of the Union Drainage District, No. 1, involving an expenditure of $13,000 to $16,000. The tax-payers who induced Judge Hughes to grant the injunction took an appeal to the appellate court.

LETTERS of guardianship were issued to-day to Mrs. Minerva E. Lichtenberger, wife of James Lichtenberger, of Whitmore township, to take charge and look after her daughter, Stella Meyers, aged 13 years, who has a claim against the U. S. government which will probably amount to $420, it being pension applied for by the daughter of Sam'l W. Myers, a deceased veteran, the first husband of Mrs. Lichtenberger.

PERSONAL MENTION.

D. J. Freeland, of Dalton City, is in the city to-day.

Howard Diller departed to-day for Albany, Texas, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stare will return home from Sailor Springs to-morrow.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Smith, at 1306 North Warren street, January 24th—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Spargur, of Blue Mound, on Sunday, January 18, a son.

Miss Judith Hill is in the employ of the Singer Manufacturing Company, at Chicago.

Miss Amanda Wood, of Carrollton, is the guest of her brother, Geo. M. Wood and family.

A. H. [illegible] and wife, of Lovington, are in the city visiting Rev. and Mrs. G. E. [illegible].

[illegible], of St. Cloud, Minn., is [illegible] his brother, John, and other relatives.

[illegible]

A MURDEROUS PLOT.

Plans of an Unnatural Son to Kill His Father to Gain Possession of a Fortune.

BOLD SCHEME TO COMMIT MURDER.

Accidental Discovery of the Diabolical Conspiracy in a Chicago Hotel—Clever Work of a Watchful Detective—A Warrant Sworn Out for the Arrest of Frank Smallwood and Charles Potter, the Conspirators

The diabolical and fiendish conspiracy of two Decatur young men to accomplish the murder of an old and wealthy citizen has been exposed and now the conspirators are fugitives from the officers of the law who have a state warrant for their arrest.

The plot is one of the boldest and most bloodthirsty in the annals of crime, outrivaling in details and results the wildest imagination of the authors of the most blood-curdling dime novels.

Briefly, Frank Smallwood, the only son of Joseph P. Smallwood, and his companion, Charles Potter, another young man of Decatur, entered into a conspiracy to bring about the murder of Mr. Smallwood, the father of Frank, in order that the son might inherit his father's fortune, which is estimated at $60,000 to $80,000, including 720 acres of highly improved land.

CONCEIVED IN DECATUR.

There is no question but that this bold plot was conceived in Decatur. Until recently Frank Smallwood had been engaged in the retail cigar business in the tabernacle building. Business was slow, but times were lively in the den. On the cases and upon tables were the latest sporting publications, profusely illustrated, showing deeds of daring and crime, and novels of the sensational style completed the collection of debauching and degrading literature. The frequenters of the place were young Charles Potter and other young men who spent their days in idleness. In an upper room, formerly used by men making cigars, was a small table and there the boys say, various gambling games were carried on until finally young Smallwood sold out. The REPUBLICAN is not informed as to the relations existing between father and son, but it is evident that everything was pleasant as the son made his home with his father at the Smallwood place on West North street. The young man had always been regarded as sizing up pretty well with other young men of his age and condition in life. It seems almost incredible that Frank should enter into a plot to murder his father, but he not only did so, but has confessed his guilt.

THE PLOT.

As the story will develop, the plan of the young men was to hire a villain in Chicago to do the foul deed. Both went to Chicago for the sole purpose of engaging the man. It seems that they put up at the Chicago Hotel, on South State street, early in January, the present month, and had been there nearly two weeks. Having failed in finding their man, they had doubtless become discouraged. Possibly they had run short of funds and were becoming worried about their inability to carry the conspiracy to a successful termination. At all events, while at the hotel they talked too freely of the job they wanted done. The conversation was overheard by an old detective. He followed the young men, got their confidence, had them unfold their scheme to him, and by pretending to be a hard character himself, the detective contracted to kill Mr. Smallwood for $2,500.

THE EXPOSURE.

It was not until Jan. 16, a week ago last Friday, that anybody in Decatur had any intimation of what was transpiring in Chicago. On the afternoon of the 16th Mr. J. P. Smallwood received a letter from Detective J. C. Burke, of Chicago, in which he outlined the conspiracy on [illegible] He urged Mr. Smallwood to come [illegible] at once and see him, but instead of going to Chicago in person, Mr. Smallwood sent his attorney, Mr. C. C. Leforgee, who instead of going direct to Burke, first conferred with the chief of the Chicago detective force. The letter [illegible] the detective, who laughed at the story and told Leforgee there was nothing in it, that Burke was simply trying to work Smallwood for money. [illegible] Leforgee chatted with a friend [illegible] and it was suggested that [illegible] would do no harm to call on Burke and learn his story.

It was on Monday, Jan. 19, that Attorney Leforgee called upon Detective [illegible] at the Grand Hotel. When the [illegible] entered the hotel the detective at once stepped forward and called him by name, much to the surprise of the Decatur lawyer, who asked how it was that he could call his name. "Never mind about that," said Burke, "I'll tell you later."

THE DETECTIVE'S STORY.

Detective Burke, who is anything but a tough in appearance, but is a shrewd and level headed gentleman of good personal address, had a long conference with Attorney Leforgee. He said in substance that he was in one of the water closets at the Chicago Hotel on Saturday, Jan. 10, when he happened to hear two young men outside talking together. One of them said in a complaining tone:

"We've been here a week now and we are about out of money, and we haven't found a man yet to do that job."

The other replied: "Yes, but maybe we'll find one to-night."

The detective was impressed with the earnestness of the conversation and as it developed, he rightly concluded that there was something up of a serious nature. The young men passed out of the water closet, and at a safe distance Burke followed. The young men in question were Frank Smallwood and Charles Potter, of Decatur. Their identity was immediately discovered by the detective, who first secured an introduction to Potter. The detective had determined to "milk" the young men in order to ascertain their scheme. He first chatted with them about Chicago and the various crooked ways of gaining a livelihood, and gradually led up to dark deeds of crime. He represented to Potter and Smallwood that he had committed several murders, and with special attention to details described the manner in which the deeds were accomplished, all so skillfully done that none had been unraveled by the detectives. The detective noticed the young men closely, and saw that they were deeply interested in his stories of crime. Finally Burke said he had been playing in hard luck of late, and while the work was risky, still it generally paid well, and there was really no danger when everything was arranged in the proper manner. It was at this juncture in the conversation that Potter spoke up and said: "I believe you are just the man we are looking for," and told him there was a job for him in which he could make a little money if he would undertake it. Detective Burke suggested that they had better go to the room of the young men and talk the matter over in private. The party entered the room, and there the scheme was unfolded. The location of the Smallwood home in Decatur and the arrangements of the rooms were carefully described, and then the manner in which Smallwood was to be murdered was talked over. Burke suggested a number of ways in which the deed might be done without fear of detection. The one finally decided upon was that Burke should approach the house and blow chloroform into Mr. Smallwood's room, though the keyhole of the door, the keyhole to be closed with cotton after the chloroform had been injected. Burke suggested another plan, which was that Smallwood might be waylaid in some secluded part of the city, knocked down with a club and his throat cut. To this method of killing his father, Burke said Frank entered emphatic objections. He couldn't stand that. The plan having been agreed upon, Burke was offered $1,500 for his work. He didn't think that was enough for the risk involved, and finally it was agreed that he should receive $2,500. During the conference Smallwood's attorney, C. C. Leforgee, was accurately described, in order that when Burke came to Decatur to do the job, he might keep out of his way. This description enabled Burke to recognize Leforgee at a glance when he entered the hotel. Burke left the two young men in the room, and departed evolving plans in his own mind how best to impress the father of what was going on. He happened to know J. P. Smallwood by sight, having seen him in Chicago at the races. Early the next morning Burke concluded that he had better obtain some documentary evidence of the conspiracy before he sent a letter to Decatur, and so he went to the Chicago hotel at an early hour. He went direct to the room occupied by the young men. When the door was thrown open both Smallwood and Potter jumped up quickly as if frightened, but whatever fears they felt were quickly allayed when Burke stated that he had called to secure something that he could use to force the payment of the $2,500—he believed that they would pay up when the job was done, but business was business. After a consultation it was agreed that three notes to Burke, two for $1,000 each, and one for $500, should be executed, signed by Frank Smallwood. Then Burke felt that to make the thing binding he should have a witness. Burke went down stairs to get the blank notes. He remained away so long that Smallwood and Potter came down into the office. There they were met by the detective who made some slight excuse for delay. Smallwood in the presence of the hotel man stepped up to the counter and signed the notes, which Burke put in his pocket. It was agreed that Burke was to be informed when it would be safe to do the deed. The young men left the next day, and two days later Burke got a letter signed by Potter stating that the job had better be done at once, as old Smallwood was arranging to go to New Orleans. The writer suggested that Friday night, January 16, would be the proper time to commit the murder. It was also suggested that the detective should not recognize either of the young men on the streets, but that one of them would meet him at the train. Burke replied that he had been quite sick, and therefore had been unable to come to Decatur as promptly as he expected, but would come if the $2500 was sent him.

On the return of Attorney Leforgee, who was given the letter and notes received by Burke, Frank Smallwood and Charles Porter were in Decatur. Mr Smallwood was dazed by the revelation and incontestable evidence of the conspiracy of his son and Potter, and it needed only the confession of Frank to clinch his guilt. That is said to have been secured, and still nothing was done to bring the young man to justice. Young Smallwood and Potter were last seen in Decatur on Thursday, Jan. 22. The following day Mr. Smallwood swore out a state warrant for the arrest of his son and Potter, charging both with conspiracy to murder. The warrant was issued by Justice Hammer, and it is now in the possession of the Decatur police, who thus far have failed to locate either Smallwood or Potter.

If caught both will be relentlessly prosecuted. Potter's home is at 605 East Condit street, and he is a tough.

It is fortunate indeed that that watchful detective had his ears and eyes open while in that hotel water closet. He was offered pay for what he had done in the case, but refused to accept any consideration whatever.

The REPUBLICAN has been in possession of the facts of the conspiracy for some days, but in compliance with the wishes of the parties concerned and the police who have been trying to capture the fugitives, the story has been withheld.

Confirmation of the Saloon Feature of the Smallwood Case.

To-day there arrived in Decatur representatives of the wholesale wine and liquor firm of Dallemand & Co., 51 Lake street, Chicago, who are here by appointment to sell Frank Smallwood and Charles Potter a stock of liquor for the elaborate saloon and billiard parlor they had arranged to establish in Decatur. Of course the Chicago liquor men will go home without making the sale.

It was the arrangement of young Smallwood, when his father was put out of the way, to open a big saloon and cut a swell.

The story of the conspiracy plot is given on the third page of this issue.

WALKED OUT.

It is learned this afternoon that on Thursday last Frank Smallwood and Potter were walking south on the railroad toward Blue Mound. It is supposed that the young men got on a freight train at some small station. They are believed to be in St. Louis or further west somewhere.

COWGILL CHOPPING WOOD.

The Missing Bearsdale Farmer Heard from at Last.

In the month of December it will be recalled that eccentric Jesse Cowgill suddenly disappeared from his home near Bearsdale, a few miles northwest of Decatur. He left his home that memorable day with coal oil can in hand and left it at the village store. He bought a ticket and came to Decatur, ostensibly to select Christmas candy for his seven or eight motherless children. He did not return home, and ever since, until a few days ago, there has been various theories as to what had become of Jesse.

It is now known that Jesse Cowgill is in the state of Arkansas, chopping wood for a living. He has written a letter to that effect to his eldest daughter, who is in charge of the home place. No doubt Jesse will return home in time.

Thus another mystery is cleared up.

The White Front Sold.

The White Front clothing store on Saturday was sold to George Jones and Charlie Bryan. The work of invoicing the stock began to-day and the new proprietors will at once prepare to put in a full and complete stock of spring and summer goods. Since John Irwin resigned as manager of this clothing house J. N. Baker has been in charge. George Jones, who is well and popularly known among the business men of this city, has resigned his position with the clothing house of Ottenheimer & Co. Both of the new proprietors have had a large experience in this business, and as this stand has alwass enjoyed a splendid trade there is no reason why success should not atte nd the efforts of these gentlemen

Court House Location Committee.

From Tuesday's Daily

The first business meeting of the county board special committee on locating the new $80,000 court house, comprising Supervisors Quinn, Newell and Schudel, was held to-day. It was discovered that the Powers deed donating the property at the corner of South Water and Wood streets, provides that should the county jail be removed from the lot, the property entire will revert to the Powers estate. The committee has referred the matter to States Attorney Mills. The committee will meet again Thursday when the special co mittee on plans will have a conference.

CRAWFORD CALLED OUT.

Opening of the Criminal Week of the Circuit Court.

The Indicted Murderer of Mrs. Col. Mathias Brought Over From the County Jail.

Selecting a Jury to Try Crawford.

From Monday's Daily.

The third week of the January term of the Macon county circuit court was opened this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock and the first order of Judge Vail after he took his seat was:

"Mr. Sheriff, bring Crawford into court."

Sheriff Perl and Deputies Weitsel and Hurst proceeded at once to the county jail and brought the indicted murderer of Mrs. Colonel Mathias into court.

It has been many years since the court house was so densely filled with spectators, all assembled no doubt to get a view of Crawford and observe what would be done in the case. Colonel Mathias, the husband of Crawford's victim, occupied a seat near the attorneys' table. He was in consultation with State's Attorney Mills, who, because of rheumatic affliction has not been able to appear in court until to-day. He has not entirely recovered, but will in person conduct the prosecution of all criminal cases.

The new petit jury for the third and fourth weeks of the term, 24 men, were sworn in and instructed by the court.

W. H. Crawford came into court and looked neither to the right or left as he was brought to a chair near the attorneys' general desk. He looked to be in a fair state of health, but as yet he has not regained the use of his voice, because of the cut in the neck inflicted by his own hand that afternoon in the month of July last, northeast of Decatur. The crime can easily be recalled. In the Williams pasture, north of Pugh street, at the north end of Edward street on the morning of Aug. 27, 1890, Mrs. Lina Mathias, wife of Col. Mathias, was found dead, her throat cut from ear to ear. It was a horrible and awful discovery. Suspicion fastened upon William H. Crawford, the prisoner, and he was discovered by the officers at the home of his sister, Mrs. Ben Merritt, near Rea's bridge, 9 miles northeast of Decatur. Crawford attempted to escape and as he ran he slashed his throat with a razor, the same bloody weapon he twice confessed to having used in killing Mrs. Mathias. Crawford was brought to the Decatur jail, where he has been safely kept. It was thought he would die from his self-inflicted wounds, but Dr. Heil pulled him through.

After Crawford took his seat and after he had listened to attorneys talk on civil cases, the prisoner turned about partly and took a sweeping glance at the crowd and braced himself in his tilted chair. Bailiffs Weitsel and Defratus sit near the prisoner.

The Case Called Up.

As soon as several motions on the civil docket had received attention Judge Vail took up the criminal docket and called the case of The People vs. W. H. Crawford, indicted for murder. The prisoner had previously pleaded not guilty. The motion by defendant to withdraw the plea of not guilty was allowed and then Attorney Webber presented his argument on the motion to quash the indictment. He gave six reasons why the indictment should be quashed.

First—The grand jury which found the indictment was organized contrary to law; second, because a large number of the members of the grand jury were not legally qualified to serve; third, the defendant was denied the right of being present in the court when the jury was selected; fourth, the indictment is insufficient because it fails to properly describe the manner of death and weapon used, failing to state that the weapon was a deadly weapon; 5th, the charges are not properly framed, and 6th, the counts are fatally defective.

Judge Vail overruled the motion to quash the indictment, and Crawford was called up again to plead. He plead not guilty. Then the case was called up for trial.

SELECTING A JURY.

The attorneys are now engaged in selecting a jury, which will be [illegible] work.

States's Attorney Mills [illegible] A. H. Mills appear for the [illegible] Attorneys John H. McDon[illegible] Webber for the defendant.

It is said that Crawford [illegible] jury trial, and that [illegible] sanity.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben [illegible] They occupy chairs [illegible]

From [illegible]

This is the [illegible] The People [illegible] for the [illegible] county [illegible] A[illegible] the [illegible] bailiffs were kept busy [illegible] getting all to be seated as nearly as p[illegible]

sible. The only ladies in attendance are Mrs. Ben Merritt, sister of Crawford, Miss Ida Parks, a witness for the defense, and an elderly lady, who was in court simply out of curiosity to see the prisoner and hear the testimony.

Crawford appears to be rather unconcerned as to what will be done with him. He holds his head high and frequently shifts his position in his chair, often looking around at the officers and the crowd.

TRYING TO GET A JURY.

The attorneys are still trying to select an acceptable jury. Up to 2 o'clock this afternoon 64 persons had been examined, and but three of that number were accepted by both sides. They are:

John H. Cochran, of Macon, a farmer.

J. F. Gepford, of Hickory Point township, a farmer.

J. H. Lourash, of Long Creek, a farmer.

Each accepted juror is a young man.

Herman Smith, of Decatur, had been accepted at the noon adjournment, but after dinner, by agreement of the opposing attorneys, he was excused, as he had forgotten that he had previously expressed an opinion.

NOT ACCEPTED.

The following named gentlemen have been examined as to their qualifications to serve as jurymen in the case, and all were excused, mainly because they had formed settled opinions as to what should be done with the prisoner, or had conscientious scruples about inflicting the death penalty:

DJA. Reeme, Samuel Perry, E. W. Armstrong, R. Thomas, J. M. Moffitt, R. R. Williams, Leonard Hellman, William Meutz, Eli Ashby, Elmer Combs, A. B. Alexander, Josephus Ash, E. D. Carter, William Bond, Lewis Hale, J. Austin, W. H. Whitehurst, E. S. Baker, A. McDonald, Milton Clark, J. W. Shasted, D. J. Burley, Elijah Jett, Herman Smith, J. B. Huff, Wiley Rose, W. R. Foulke, L. Disney, Alex. McGorray, J. H. Record, Henry Huessing, Stephen Reach, Henry Gossett, W. N. Lanham, William Andrews, George Longstreet, S. H. Disney, Andrew Nye, John S. Irwin, John Fouts, John Hays, Louis Shaffer, A. T. Jones, Ed. Volmer, Yates Steele, John Burgess, William Carroll and Ed. Stickle.

It is not expected that a jury will be secured before to-morrow noon, if then.

A special venire was ordered issued yesterday for 25 men from Maroa, 25 men from Macon, and 25 men from Illini townships. The gentlemen reported to-day in court. Possibly another venire for 75 men will be issued.

If Crawford is an insane man he doesn't look it. Insanity will be his defense.

The following are witnesses for the defendant: Ben Merritt, Anna Merritt, John Park, Jacob Tidrow, W. H. Crawford, Sr., William Parks, Ida Parks, Asa Woodruff, John Crawford, T. B. Hofford, E. P. Wentworth, W. P. Ellison, Benjamin Jones, William Woodruff, W. H. Davis, Fred Deppe and Tim Nealon.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Fifty Men Brought in from Niantic and Blue Mound—Eight Jurymen Accepted.

The attorneys are making slow progress in securing an acceptable jury to hear the evidence and bring in a verdict in the celebrated murder trial of The People vs. William H. Crawford, who killed Mrs. Col. Mathias. But eight jurymen had been accepted by both sides up to the hour of going to press. They are:

J. F. Gepford, of Illini township.
J. H. Lourash, of Mt. Zion township.
L. S. Sandage, Macon.
S. J. Rice, Macon.
J. N. Thomas, Macon.
J. W. Piltcher, Macon.
J. H. Cochran, Macon.
W. E. Hawley, Macon.

There had been 158 citizens examined up to 2 o'clock this afternoon. Those not accepted were:

Oliver Harbert, Daniel Kalips, Charles Wykoff, C. B. Miller, Tim Walter, E. H. Mitchell, Jacob Hanks, Sam Lyons, H. O. Trowbridge, Martin Moore, Elias Tozer, O. D. Adams, Fred Shoemaker, William Clink, Ed. Roby, E. G. Covault, Samuel Lukens, Benj. Burg, N. A. Crouch, John Camp, W. W. Cooper, E. J. Carter, C. W. Cooper, Frank Brake, Oscar Phares, John Ferrell, Uriah Ashcraft, B. F. Morthland, John Turner, D. W. Hersh, E. A. Abbott, F. M. [illegible], W. W. Binkley, [illegible], David Mevell, Luther Purdue, W. [illegible], William Daly, Garrett [illegible], W. H. [illegible], Charles [illegible], George Franklin, G. H. [illegible], Charles Logan, William [illegible], Batchelder, [illegible], William [illegible]

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The REMNANT SALE

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BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS, from 4-4 to 10-4; GINGHAMS, SHIRTING CHECKS, OUTING CLOTHS, BED TICKINGS, TABLE LINENS; All kinds of DRESS GOODS; EDGINGS, INSERTING, FLOUNCINGS, Ladies', Gents' and Children's UNDERWEAR in odd pieces—will be sold at half price.

CORSETS, in all sizes and colors, to be sold at prices LOWER THAN THE LOWEST.

Our desire is to make this the BEST BARGAIN SALE of the Season. Come early and secure a Bargain.

S. HUMPHREYS,

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After January 1st we will Close at 6 P. M., EXCEPT SATURDAYS.

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OVERCOATS!

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25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

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A Letter from Horace Greeley.

A gentleman a few days ago sent to the New York *Tribune* a letter written in 1866 by Horace Greeley to a friend, which he suggests may be of some benefit in stiffening the back-bones of the friends of manhood suffrage in the Senate and he suggests that to students in politics it seems almost anomalous to see a great political party, claiming to be Democratic, strenuously opposing manhood suffrage, the foundation of Democracy Following is the letter

BELOIT, Wis, Dec. 16, 1866 —My Old Friend Your note of the 4th inst reached here to-day I heartily thank you for it though I trust you have taken no further trouble in the business It is not probable that my name will be presented for United States Senator I might, perhaps, have been elected had I not written my manifesto on "The True Base of Reconstruction," but I would rather be beaten for writing that letter than elected for suppressing it. The truth is, there is but one question of moment remaining to be settled, and that is manhood suffrage. Enfranchise the blacks and further rebellions at the South are impossible, and we have a great National party, which can hopefully contest nearly every State in the Union; while, if we reconstruct on the basis of the pending constitutional amendment, and the blacks remain under foot, the Vallandigham Democracy will have nearly every one of the fifteen ex-slave States as fixed capital to begin with. . . . What is needed is that the matter shall be so presented that we do not seem to force negro suffrage on the South at the point of the bayonet, but suffer her to unite with us in pacifying the country and fixing forever one uniform rule for suffrage throughout the Union We can get the negro out of politics and into complete manhood, if we will, and that is worth everything else save to those whose one idea is how to get (or keep) good offices. If we shall close this long controversy with the negro still a serf, we shall be a beaten, bankrupt party, and shall have richly deserved our fate. Having done my whole duty, I am content to rest thereon, remaining yours,

HORACE GREELEY

The Unfaithful Eight

Boston *Journal*. There is no call to mince words in characterizing the conduct of the Republican Senators who struck a blow in the dark at a principle to which the Republican party is committed by the solemn and reiterated pledges of more than thirty years They have no justification, no excuse They knew perfectly well before they were elected the ideas for which the Republican party stood They knew, or should have known, its traditions and its history They knew the unvarying attitude of the Republican party on the issue of honest elections They knew the promises of the last Republican platform, and the earnest wishes of the President Some of them actually knew before they were sent to the Senate the scope and character of the definite measure which the Republicans had framed. Yet these eight Senators, with a disregard for honor and loyalty, fortunately rare in American public annals, have deliberately turned their backs on their own friends, and joined the enemy in involving their own cause in grave disaster If the conduct of these unfaithful Senators were an indication of the spirit of their constituents, we might well despair of the Republican party. But the events of the last quarter century have abundantly demonstrated that the Republican masses are sound and loyal, whatever the temporary lapses of a few leaders, and that sooner or later they induce unfaithful representatives to comply with their wishes, or to stand aside for men who will

Indirection.

Fair are the flowers and the children but their subtle suggestion is fairer
Rare is the rose burst of dawn but the secret that clasps it is rarer,
Sweet the exultance of song, but the strain that precedes it is sweeter
And never was poem yet writ but the meaning outmastered the meter

Never a daisy that grows but a mystery guideth the growing
Never a river that flows but a majesty scepters the flowing,
Never a Shakespeare that soared but a stronger than he did enfold him
Nor even a prophet foretells but a mightier seer hath foretold him.

Back of the canvas that throbs the painter is hinted and hidden
Into the statue that breathes the soul of the sculptor is bidden
Under the joy that is felt lie the infinite issues of feeling,
Crowning the glory revealed is the glory that crowns the revealing

Great are the symbols of being, but that which is symboled is greater,
Vast the create and beheld, but vaster the inward creator,
Back of the sound broods the silence, back of the gift stands the giving
Back of the hand that receives thrill the sensitive nerves of receiving

Space is as nothing to spirit, the deed is outdone by the doing
The heart of the wooer is warm, but warmer the heart of the wooing
And up from the pits where these shiver and up from the heights where those shine,
Twain voices and shadows swim starward, and the essence of life is divine.

—Richard Realf.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F J Cheney & Co, Toledo, O, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, O, by F J Cheney & Co

☞ Sold by druggists 75c per bottle

The Crescent Hotel, Eureka Spring Ark, Winter Resort.

A new and elegant stone structure with capacity for two hundred guests, all modern improvements and devices for the comfort and pleasure of patrons, situated in the Ozark mountains, elevation 2000 feet above the sea Pine forests wild and beautiful scenery, unsurpassed medicinal waters, climate mild and invigorating Open February 1st For descriptive pamphlet address Manager Crescent Hotel, Eureka Springs, Ark.

j21-d&w10t

A STRANGE CASE.

Answer of a Disappointed Groom to a Suit of the Bride for Alimony.

Champaign society is all torn up over the exposure growing out of a suit for the bride of a day for alimony. The story is best told in a telegram from Grand Rapids, Mich, which says

Alice E Lapham, of Champaign, Ill, commenced suit in the Kent circuit court a month ago against Will H. Lapham, her husband, for alimony and support. She set up in her bill that they were married in Milwaukee in December, 1889, and after a brief honeymoon she returned to her home, and he came to Grand Rapids, promising her that when he attained his majority in March following, he would send for her, but he failed to keep his promise. The defendant, through his father, as next friend, has filed his answer He acknowledges the marriage, but sets up in defense extenuating circumstances He was born and brought up in Champaign, and kept company with Alice when a boy Upon coming to Grand Rapids with his parents, two years ago, they corresponded, and her mother also wrote him letters In December, 1889, he started for Champaign to visit his home, but was met in Chicago by Alice and her older sister The sister urged the marriage, and to avoid publicity accompanied them to Milwaukee, where the ceremony was performed. Lapham alleges that he went to Champaign with his bride, and there for the first time discovered that she was an invalid, that she was suffering from an incurable disease of the spine, and was compelled constantly to wear a plaster cast about her body He was very indignant, and before leaving Champaign it was declared that the marriage should be declared off, and she should never molest him more. She kept her agreement by bringing the suit for alimony. He claims to be only 20 years old, still a minor while she is 18 years old, and he says he has no means of support to divide with her, as he is still dependent upon his father. The marriage at Milwaukee was kept a great secret at Champaign, where nothing was known of it until the suit for alimony was commenced She has moved in the highest social circles, and for a year past has received marked attention and numerous bouquets from unsuspecting young men. Lapham is in the grocery business at Grand Rapids with his father, under the firm name of Lapham & Son.

To Hear Lodge and McKinley.

John A. Dix Post No. 135 of New York City have secured four parterre row boxes in the Metropolitan Opera House and reserved seats for at least fifty of its members for the coming entertainment of "The Union Prisoners of War National Memorial Association," in aid of the fund for the erection of a memorial hall in Washington in memory of the defenders of the Union who perished in rebel prison pens and as a tribute to loyalty Many of the distinguished men and women of the country have already signified their intention to be present and Congressmen McKinley and Lodge are expected to speak.

"IS THIS THE BEST?" is a question often asked, when medicine is wanted. The following are a few of the medicines of known reliability, sold by John A Swearingen, druggist, of this place They have many other excellent medicines, but these are worthy of special mention:

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY, famous for its cures of severe colds, and as a preventative for croup Price, 50 cents per bottle.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM, a general family liniment and especially valuable for rheumatism Price, 50c per bottle

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY, the most reliable known medicine for bowel complaints. It is especially prized by persons subject to colic. It has cured many cases of chronic diarrhoea. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

ST. PATRICK'S PILLS, for disorders of the liver and bowels A vigorous but gentle physic that cleanses and renovates the whole system Price, 25c per box

CHAMBERLAIN'S EYE AND SKIN OINTMENT. For tetter, salt rheum, scald head, eczema and chronic sore eyes. Price, 25 cents per box d&w

Typical Democratic Criminals.

New York *Press* The readers of the *Press* have just been reminded of the character of the men whom the Democratic politicians nominate for the Assembly. Lawyer W H Buttner, who has been found guilty of forgery in divorce proceedings, ran for the Assembly in the Seventh district of this city a few years ago but was defeated by that honest and able Republican, *Francis V. King*. And now a prominent Democratic Assemblyman from Rockland county, F P Demorest, has been arrested for embezzlement, and is charged with forgery At the recent election one of the unsuccessful Democratic candidates was charged with keeping crooked book accounts, but for some reason the matter was hushed up What an odorous party it is, to be sure!

THE Chicago *Tribune* says of the rule before the Senate

The rule for ending unprofitable debate must be put through If the Democrats wish to enter a protest they have a right to do so If they wish to make the matter an issue at the next election and get the sense of the people on the subject they have a right to do so But the rule once adopted will stick, for it is a good one, and if the Democrats come to be the majority in the Senate and the Republican minority goes to misconducting itself—though that is not likely—the Democratic Senators will be glad to have such a rule It may save them the necessity of resorting to the violent methods and the disregard of parliamentary law shown by their party when it forced through the Kansas-Nebraska bill

BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP

We guarantee *this* to be the *best Cough Syrup* manufactured in the whole wide world This is saying a good deal, but it is *true* For *Consumption, Coughs, Colds Sore Throat, Sore Chest, Pneumonia, Bronchitis Asthma, Croup Whooping Cough* and all diseases of the *Throat and Lungs* we *positively guarantee* Ballard's Horehound Syrup to be without any equal on the whole face of the globe In support of this statement we refer to every individual who has ever used it, and to every druggist who has ever sold it Such evidence is indisputable Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. 4

ASTONISHED!

It is nothing unusual for people who come to our store to buy goods during our grand closing out sale to doubt that we actually give the value in shoes that we advertise. We have actually seen people question the value after the shoe is in their hands. This is not to be wondered at after all, because the simple fact is that

Like Values Were Never Offered

In any other shoe store. The question now arises, is it not the part of wisdom for you to join the procession of buyers who are thronging our store to enjoy the benefits of this sale. It will last only until we realize cash sufficient to atone for the failure to keep up with the trade which we had every right to expect would come to us during the winter, and which would surely have come to us had the weather been more seasonable. It pays to buy for future use at the great

FERRISS & LAPHAM

Shoe Store,

148 East Main Street, Decatur.

TAR-OID

A POSITIVE CURE FOR

PILES, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA and all DISEASES OF THE SKIN,

Wounds, Burns, Sores, Ulcers, Croup, Bronchitis, Etc,

Tar Oid Co 73 Randolph St Chicago

Gentlemen —You have the most wonderful remedy in the world My wife was almost an invalid with piles for more than a year I employed the best doctors and she tried many remedies that were recommended yet nothing seemed to do any good She finally tried *Tar-Oid* and in *less* than *one week* she was cured

My son had a running sore on his leg nearly the size of a man's hand, caused by a bad bruise For eight months the doctors treated it and it got worse instead of well At last we tried *Tar Oid* on it In a few days it began to heal, and in six weeks his leg was well and sound

I cannot say enough for Tar Oid You may refer any one to us at our home 740 N Paulina St or at the store of J B Lapham, wholesale leather findings 214 Lake St Yours gratefully.
CHICAGO ILL., JOHN GILDEMEISTER, Salesman

TAR-OID SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD

Sold by all druggists at 50 cents per box Send 3 two-cent stamps for free sample box and book.

TAR-OID COMPANY. Chicago.

For Sale by S. M. IRWIN, Druggist.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK THE GREAT TRADE MARK

ENGLISH REMEDY An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of self abuse, as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave

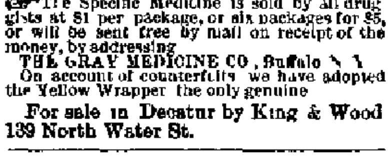
BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO, Buffalo N. Y.

On account of counterfeits we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper the only genuine

For sale in Decatur by King & Wood 139 North Water St.



CANDEE TENNIS

C. H. Fargo & Co.

AGENTS,

CHICAGO, ILL.

oct17-d&w6mos

Medicine and Surgery.

T. B. SPALDING, M. D

DECATUR, ILLINOIS

Hours—7 to 9 a m 2 to 5 p m

Office—Corner of N Main and Prairie Sts, over Pratt & Co's grain office

St. Nicholas Hotel

... LAUX, Proprietor

... Decatur

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an Incorporated bank Buy and Sell Exchange Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper

LOAN MONEY on MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF VAULT free of Charge

jan17 1884 wtf

ESTABLISHED 1860.

J. Millikin & Co.,

+BANKERS,+

—AND—

Dealers in Exchange.

Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those wishing a secure place for their Bonds, Mortgages, Notes Insurance Policies, etc.

Aug20-wtf

WM. T. CUSSINS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC

Will draw deeds, mortgages and do all kinds of conveyancing will also examine abstracts of title and promptly attend to any and all legal business entrusted to him

☞ N B —Will loan money on good city and farm real estate OFFICE—Over Smith & King's drug store No 137 N Water Street.

O. L. Bu... Edwin Park

BUNN & PARK.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE—Front rooms, over Decatur National Bank, Decatur, Ill

Sale of Real Estate and Loans negotiated and Real Estate bought and sold

S. L. STERRETT

... Illinois

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.

OFFER

A BARGAIN!

After invoicing we find we have about 300 pairs of Suit Pants, of which Coats and Vests have been sold, in All-Wool Corkscrew, Diagonal and Wide Wale Worsteds, which MUST BE DISPOSED OF, and which we offer at the following prices:

$7 Pants at.....$5.50
6 Pants at..... 4.50
5 Pants at..... 4.00
4 Pants at$2.50 and $3.00

Call early and procure your choice while the assortment is Complete.

All Winter Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices.

THE B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

DECATUR, ILL.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

All Strictly Holiday Goods,

INCLUDING

Piano Lamps, Tables

AND

FANCY GOODS,

Will be Offered for a Few days

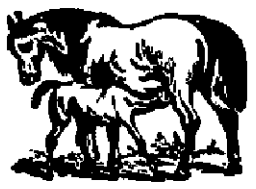
Regardless of Cost!

We want to Close them Out.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.

French Coltskin Shoes

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.



Never before have I had as Big Rush on this Celebrated Shoe as Now.

BUY NO OTHER.

WALTER HUTCHIN,

117 North Water Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

A BUSINESS MAN'S CLUB is to be organized at Assumption.

ELSWORTH MORAN, of Decatur, is on duty at Champaign as chief engineer at the water works.

IN the county court to-day John H. Melchers received his final papers, making him a citizen of the United States.

THE new real estate firm of Belen & Happer have a bulletin of bargains in the REPUBLICAN to-day. It will pay you to see the gentlemen at their office over Millikin & Co.'s bank.

THE civil case of Popp vs. McGruder, before a Justice at Macon, in which C. C. Lefurgee appeared for the defendant and A. G. Webber for the plaintiff, was decided in favor of the defendant.

WILL RAWLEY, formerly at the St. Nicholas exchange, has leased his saloon at Spokane Falls and is now in Chicago, looking for a location. A traveling man who saw Rawley in Chicago says he does not like life at Spokane.

THE State Association of Mexican War Veterans adjourned at Springfield yesterday to meet at Mount Vernon the second Wednesday and Thursday in August, 1891. Resolutions were passed asking an increase of the pension to $12 a month.

FRIDAY Mrs. W. F. Martin, who is the superintendent of the Methodist Sunday school at Elwin, gave a dinner party to the officers and teachers of the school at her home. It was a splendid spread, and was generously complimented by the 20 guests.

THE change of the Western Union telegraph office to a first floor room in Library block will be made in a short time. The construction crew to put up poles and wire will arrive in a few days. Thirty miles of wire have been received. It is at the depot.

SCARLET fever and diphtheria have made their appearance at Monticello, and Vera Hudgen, daughter of Deputy Clerk Owen Hudgen, died on Friday with scarlet fever, and a daughter of Ephraim Timmons died with the diphtheria. Sev- cases are reported in Piatt county with a number of deaths.

JOHN L. MCCOY, who formerly lived at 408 North Franklin street, but who moved to Sullivan nearly a year ago and engaged in merchandising, has purchased a valuable residence property in that city of Hon. Chas. Roane, who is the father of Mrs. W. A. Cash of this city. Mr. Roane owns property in Decatur and thinks some of making his future residence in this city.

OFFICER LERCH has in his possession a communication from Mrs. Hattie E. Allin, president of the Woman's Industrial Union at Bloomington, Ill., in which she states that they have under their care one Lela Mayes, who is very sick with pneumonia, and who claims that her parents live in this city. So far he has been unable to find any family of that name. Any information concerning the above would be gladly received by the officers.

IN the United States Court at Springfield last week Wilbert Dieffenbacher, a traveling agent who resides at the capital, was convicted of sending letters through the mail with intent to defraud, and was sentenced to sixty days in the county jail. Dieffenbacher wrote to William M. Thomas, of Cincinnati, Ohio, and forged the names of W. H. Gordon, of Decatur, W. H. Harper, of Riverton, and Elmer Willey, of Springfield, to orders for goods to the value of $150, which he received himself.

ANDREW BOYER, a carpenter employed on the new elevator, met with an accident yesterday which came near costing him his life, while engaged in hoisting several timbers to the top of the structure. The scantling slipped from the noose, and although warned by the other workmen, he did not succeed in getting entirely out of the way of the falling timber, receiving a glancing blow on the side of the head. He was taken to his home on North Calhoun street, where Dr. O. Chenoweth dressed the injury. It will be several weeks before Boyer will be able to resume work.

JOHN BUNN, son of the late Brower Bunn, formerly a distinguished member of the Macon county bar, was in Decatur yesterday. John now makes his home near Oakley. He has been all over the country since he left Decatur to accept a government position at Peoria, where he married. He states that his mother and sister, Miss Eva, are now living at San Diego, Cal. They did not tarry long in Texas after leaving Decatur. John's brother, Sam Bunn, died a year ago yesterday in Nebraska, leaving a widow and two children. Sam had turned his attention to farming pursuits, and was doing well when he took sick and died.

Another Bellamy Bust-up.

The Evanston Co-operative Housekeeping association, operated on the plans of Edward Bellamy, made an assignment yesterday, its liabilities being $4,900—or $900 in excess of its assets. The latter consists of a lot of cooking utensils and a number of finely-colored delivery wagons. The association fed 140 persons, the price being $4 per week, children half price.

COME and see our buggies, Surreys, Phaetons, Spring Wagons and Road Carts—the best made and cheapest in town. THE SPENCER AND LEHMAN CO., Nov 5-d&wtf South Main and Wood sts.

UNITED FOR LIFE.

Weddings at Harristown, Macon and in this City Last Evening.

From Thursday's Daily.

One of the most notable matrimonial events that has been witnessed in Harristown for some months past took place in that little city last evening. It was the marriage of Walter Pritchett, of Niantic, and Miss Martha E. Gepford, of Harristown. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. J. G. Willard, in Harristown, and was performed by Rev. Ogle, assisted by Rev. Gilliland, of Niantic. The bride was attired in a handsome costume of white China silk and wore diamonds, carrying in her hand a large bouquet of Marechal Neil roses. Following the congratulations a most bountiful wedding supper was spread. Both of the contracting parties are well known and highly respected by all their acquaintances. The couple went to Chicago at midnight on a bridal tour. They will make their home in Niantic upon their return. Those present from a distance were: Miss Hattie Gepford and Abe Gepford, of Stanbury, Mo.; H. Nottleman, H. Pritchett, Wm. Pritchett, H. Porter, N. Mansfield, D. Buckles, C. A. Hall and families; M. Stall, George Stall, J. S. Cussins, M. Lockhart, H. Jacobsen and their wives; Mrs. Sarah Pritchett, Charles and Arthur Pritchett, Mrs. Amanda Seelig and daughters; Lawrence and Frank Beall, Mrs. Belle Wells, Rev. E. A. Gilleland, Miss Ruth Wells, J. T. Wells and Mrs. Claypool, of Niantic; Mrs. Smith, of Chapin; Mrs. Cooper, of Jacksonville; J. Lockhart, of Wickliffe, Ky.; A. J. Willard, of Dalton City; Mrs. Kern, of Watsega; David Johnson, Abner Ford, Mr. and Mrs. George Ford, of Illiopolis; Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Boone, of Sidney; Mrs. E. B. Chamberlain, Judge Nelson, B. O. McReynolds, Misses Nettie and Ada Pritchett, Gertrude and Bertha Chamberlain, Decatur.

HIGHT-BESOHLE.

The marriage of Edward L. Hight and Miss Lela Beschle took place last evening at 6:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents in Macon, Rev. Spruill officiating. The couple were attended by Bert Cline and Miss Florence Beschle, sister of the bride. The bride was attired in a beautiful costume of white Henrietta cloth and faille, with Marechal Niel roses as ornaments. A most delicious wedding supper was served. Mr. and Mrs. Hight departed for Chicago on the Illinois Central, where they will remain for a short while, when they will return and make their home at Macon. Mr. Hight is associated with his father in the banking business in Macon, and the bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Beschle, both young people enjoying the highest respect of their many friends and acquaintances. The Decatur people present were Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Green, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Webb, J. H. Culver, Ed. Winegardner, Mrs. C. A. McCune and daughter, Maude.

NORMAN-HUDDLESTON.

Miss Emma, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Huddleston, was united in marriage last evening to Mr. Lewis W. Norman, the ceremony being performed by Rev. W. H. Penhallegon, of the Presbyterian church, at the home of the bride's parents, on West William street. The couple were attended by Miss Atha Campbell, of Deland, Ill., and Henry Marcott, of this city. The bride wore a beautiful costume of pale blue faille trimmed with lace, with natural flowers for ornaments. Following the ceremony congratulations of the warmest character were extended the newly married couple. A bountiful wedding supper was served. The couple received a large number of costly and useful presents. For the present the couple will reside with the bride's parents. The bride is a most estimable young lady, and is very popular with her associates. The groom is a salesman at Dustman & Marcott's furniture store.

Notes from New Orleans.

Mrs Olive Bird Clanton, wife of Rev. S. T. Clanton, district secretary at New Orleans, La., for the American Baptist Publication Society, sends us a note, renewing her subscription to the REPUBLICAN, and adds these paragraphs:

Mrs. Stanton Fields, of Decatur, Ill., my native city, in company with myself and two little daughters, Edna and Georgia, left by the great and popular Illinois Central Railway last September for New Orleans, where Mrs. F. passed the fall and part of the winter as our guest.

La grippe has raged, but it is quite over now. As you know, our winters are, as a rule, very mild, and many northern and western people have sojourned with us in the Crescent city and at the winter resorts on the Gulf coast of the Mississippi that are yearly growing famous and popular. Notwithstanding all this, there is no place to me like my Decatur home and friends. I enjoy the weekly visits of the REPUBLICAN.

Wall Paper.

Curtains, Wall Paper and Chinese Mattings in new ideas and excellent quality at bottom prices.

apr2-d&wtf ABEL'S CARPET HOUSE

WE guarantee our Rice Coil Spring Vehicles to be the easiest riding made in the world. If after six weeks' trial the Rice Coil Spring is not found to be the easiest riding spring you ever used, we will exchange for any other style.

SPENCER & LEHMAN CO.

aug8-d&wtf

THE Bluegrass Shop will repaint your carriage or wagon cheaper than elsewhere. Remember this. Repairing promptly done March 3-d&wtf

Work of the Grand Jury.

The grand jury, which has been grinding away since court began, has reported a number of indictments to Judge Vail. Those indicted and under arrest are:

W. H. Davis, larceny, stealing a set of harness from F. Marion Moore, near Niantic, Nov. 20.

Stephen R. Cade, forgery, eight separate cases. Mr. Cade is the Maroa farmer who is charged with having forged the names of his wife and his father-in-law, James G. Cooper, to notes on which he realized something like $2,600.

Ira Derringer and G. W. Walters, grand larceny, stealing a silver watch from William H. Jones.

Albert Vanqulash, assault to rob Mrs. E. C. Stephens, on North Church street, the evening of Dec. 19.

James Clay, petit larceny, stealing a $6 watch from a Niantic miner. This is the young man whom Bert Shaw, the courageous little nephew of Marshal Mason, took in custody and was marching off to jail, when the Marshal was met on the street corner.

Thomas Ryan and Frank Burns, burglary and larceny.

Charles Masterson, burglary and petit larceny, at the Western Union telegraph office.

RETURN OF THE COMMITTEE.

Visited Five Cities to Inspect Court House Buildings.

From Saturday's Daily.

The county board committee, Supervisors Roberts, May, Muldoon and Miller, with County Clerk Hardy, are home from their trip to various cities, where they inspected court houses, on which inspection the committee will base the plans and specifications for the new $80,000 court house Macon county is to erect at the corner of South Water and Wood streets. The gentlemen visited Shelbyville, Danville, Bloomington, Jacksonville, Ill., and Rockville, Ind., looking at county buildings ranging in price from $75,000 to $400,000. The court house at Shelbyville appears to have been looked upon with special favor. It cost about $100,000. Another meeting of the committee will be held before the final decision is reached.

Trotting Association Officers.

From Saturday's Daily.

The stockholders of the Decatur Trotting Association held their annual meeting last night at the office of Mills Bros. and a new board of directors was elected as follows: John Ullrich, C. M. Caldwell, J. F. Reid, Eli Brenneman, G. A. Keller, R. R. Montgomery and D. A. Maffit. Secretary and Treasurer B. Z. Taylor made a report of the past meeting which was accepted by the Association. Officers for the new year were elected as follows: President, John Ullrich; Vice President, C. M. Caldwell; Secretary and Treasurer, J. F. Reid; Superintendent of Grounds, Eli Brenneman; Committee on Privileges, C. M. Caldwell, Eli Brenneman, Dr. J. F. Reid.

A Sensible Change.

The bookkeeping apartment of the Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company is now located on the north side at the Water street front of the carpet room, and the old space in the corner is now occupied by the store counter and shelves. The change is one very gratifying to W. S. Grubbs and Devot Strader, the assistant bookkeeper, as the new location affords better light and ventilation, besides placing the bookkeepers away from the noise and confusion of the main store. The white pine enclosure with the gilt wire top was put up by L. A. Brockway, assisted by C. C. Stoddard.

Death from Cancer.

From Thursday's Daily.

Mrs. Louisa Jones, aged 54 years, 4 months and 22 days, died this morning at 2:10 o'clock, at 1704 East Eldorado street. Deceased was afflicted with cancer of the stomach for a year. She leaves a husband, Sewell Jones, and a married daughter. Mr. Jones has been residing in Oklahoma. He arrived in the city last night, but too late for his wife to recognize him. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence. Rev. W. C. Miller, of the Congregational church, will conduct the services.

Death of Mrs. Ann Martin.

From Friday's Daily.

Mrs. Ann Martin, widow of Owen Martin, died of heart disease, at 422 North Jackson street, this morning. She was the faithful housekeeper of Rev. Father Mackin, of St. Patrick's Catholic church, and came to Decatur from Jacksonville in 1878. She has a nephew, Frank Davis, in Decatur, who is employed at the coal shaft. The remains will be sent to Jacksonville for interment on Sunday morning.

Arrived in Decatur.

From Thursday's Daily.

Thomas Gately and Miss Nellie Workman, who were married yesterday afternoon at Danville, arrived in Decatur last evening and registered at the Central House. Mr. Gately is the popular Wabash baggagemen, whose run is between Danville and St. Louis, and the handsome bride is an estimable Danville young lady.

Failure at Cerro Gordo.

J. H. White & Co., doing a general merchandise business at Cerro Gordo, made an assignment to J. W. Race, of this city, yesterday; liabilities and assets unknown. They carried a stock of about $10,000, and were supposed to be doing a cash business.

ENCAMPMENT TALK.

A Member of the Woman's Relief Corps Speaks Out.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—From time to time we see notes in the papers in regard to arrangements being made for the celebration of the silver anniversary of the G. A. R. and the State Encampment, and none watch the proceedings with more interest than the members of the Woman's Relief Corps.

Those of us who attend the annual meetings have some idea of the preparations necessary to be made, but no city in Illinois has been called upon to entertain a national gathering such as this is likely to be.

Word has been received from our department president that in response to a request from Col. Distin, department commander, she is to issue invitations to the national officers of the W. R. C., also to all department presidents. This means that delegations may be expected from thirty-two states and territories and preparations must be made for their entertainment.

The G. A. R. of this city received encouragement from citizens that in case the encampment was located in Decatur, accommodations would be provided for its meetings, and in justice to the G. A. R., and for the credit of our city, these promises should be kept.

The boast has already been made that after this *attempt* on the part of Decatur to handle the Encampment, it will be an easy matter to get it permanently located in Springfield, where the state house can be utilized.

The rules and regulations of the Woman's Relief Corps say:

There shall be an annual meeting of each department convention between January 1 and May 1 of each year, at same town or city where the department encampment of the G. A. R. is held, *Provided* that its accommodations are *inadequate* for both, convention shall be held at some contiguous point.

The city will be thoroughly canvassed and the only trouble now seems to be adequate accommodations for the vast meetings which must be held. We have churches which would accommodate the delegates at business meetings from 160 different towns and cities in the state, but there will be hundreds of visitors, members of the order, who are entitled to be admitted to the convention to witness the proceedings, who could not gain admittance if the sessions are held in a church. Ladies south of us have sent us word: "*We will be there.*" We claim it as *our* convention because this is the nearest to us the convention has ever been held, or that it ever will be held.

We would like to give the visiting delegates a grand reception, are willing to devote our time and strength to that purpose. Must we fail on account of inadequate accommodations? This encampment is held annually. We may want it again. Build the Auditorium—some where—some how. Give us the opera house for the W. R. C. convention and receive our everlasting gratitude.

Yours truly, F. O. L.

The Cisco Revival.

From Friday's Daily.

During the past week there has been a series of revival meetings at the Methodist church at Cisco, under the charge of Rev. C. R. Carlos, the pastor. It is the most extraordinary revival in the number of conversions that has ever been held in that section of the country and has excited a great deal of interest among the people. The singing has been excellent. Rev. J. W. Crane, of this city, has been in attendance and reports a wonderful spread of the gospel. Rev. Carlos is a most extraordinary man, of acknowledged ability. He is the son of a noted German physician and was for a number of years a professor in the Mt. Union college, in Ohio. All who hear him are impressed by his eloquence.

Died of Heart Disease.

From Saturday's Daily.

Solon N. Hurst died yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock of heart disease at his home, 701 West Eldorado street, aged 18 years. His death was very sudden. The funeral take place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, from the residence, Rev. James Miller, of the First M. E. church officiating.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Oramer at 150 West Jefferson street, Jan. 21, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Griswold, jr., Wednesday evening, January 21, at 9 o'clock—a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Ruby are now residents of Riverside, Cal., where Mr. Ruby has a position with a large fruit firm.

Clifford Arthur and sister, Miss Claudia, departed last evening for Chicago. While in Chicago he intends purchasing a stock of furniture to start a store in Galveston, Texas.

MARRIED.

The marriage of Miss Mary Cullen, formerly of Decatur, and Mr. Robert MacDonald, of Cleveland, O., took place in that city Thursday, January 15, at the church of the Immaculate Conception by the Rev. Father Sidley.

Mrs. MacDonald's many friends here wish her and her chosen partner a peaceful and happy married life. The couple will be at home to friends at 43 State St., Cleveland, O.

DIED.

Andrew, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Himmelwright, died of pneumonia at 1:30 a. m., January 23, at the family residence on North Clinton street.

Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera, Flux

Maguire's Benne Plant for nearly 50 years the infallible cure. Thousands of testimonials; indorsed by the Western Sanitary Commission, U. S. Army officers, hospital physicians, steamboat officers, etc. Taken in time a sure preventive of *Asiatic cholera.*

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

THE indications are that Taubeneck-Noce s.

"JONES he pays the freight" will soon be governor of New York.

W. F. VILAS (Dem.) was elected United States Senator for Wisconsin yesterday.

SENATOR MOODY has withdrawn from the Senatorial contest to be his own successor from South Dakota.

GROVER CLEVELAND will now modestly claim that he defeated Ingalls with that letter which was not burned.

INGALLS may now deliver his other speech. It might have been better for him had he delivered it instead of the one he did deliver.

SEVENTEEN Democratic county treasurers in Arkansas have been found by the Auditor to be short in their accounts.

THE three F. M. B. A. men did a wise thing yesterday in refusing to vote for the Democratic clap-trap resolution about the Federal Election bill and the World's Fair.

REPUBLICAN papers in Pennsylvania accuse Senator Cameron of treachery in voting with the Democrats on the closing rule and thus indirectly against the Federal Election bill and demand his resignation.

THE Democrats have engaged the services of Representative Cockrell's big and wise brother from East St. Louis to influence him to vote for Palmer. This may be all very well, but there are times when big brothers are a nuisance and this may be one of the times.

REPRESENTATIVE MOORE now says, emphatically, that the three F. M. B. A. men represent as distinct a party as the Democratic or Republican party, and under no contingency will they vote for Palmer. He gave it as his opinion that a practical farmer will be elected to the United States Senate.

SOME of the fellows who in the past have done a great deal of howling about the inactivity and waste of time of previous Legislatures are now members of that body; but no improvement thus far has been made. The howler ought, in the nature of things, when opportunity offers, become a practical reformer, but here he is loafing around the same as the fellows he abused. Three weeks have passed and the House committees have not been appointed and the election of a United States Senator is as far off apparently as one week ago.

THE article in Saturday's Chicago *Tribune*, which went to show how the American plate glass industry was built up by protection and how the product was cheapened to the American consumer thereby, speaks volumes on the line of possibilities for the American tin plate industry, which it is proposed to build up by the new duties in the new tariff law. What has been done in relation to plate glass can and will be done in relation to tin plate, and yet we realize that when it has been accomplished, the free trade howler will continue to tear his throat with the cry, "The tariff is a tax."

THE tariff pictures, which appear from day to day in the REPUBLICAN begin to worry the *Review*. Speaking of these, which show that goods on which the tariff was raised by the new tariff law, have been decreased in price since the law came into effect, it says that all this only goes to show that the old duties were too high. Well, this is very clever, you know; but what has become of the *Review's* assumption that "the tariff is a tax," if in face of a raise in duties prices have been reduced? And again, what has become of the *Review's* November howl, that raising duties meant a rise in prices which would amount to robbery of the people? And again, what has become of the circulars sent out by importers announcing a rise in prices on account of the McKinley bill, which the *Review* was so much pleased to print, and by printing did what it could to aid these importing robbers to raise prices on the people? What has become of all these assumptions and predictions? Have they all tumbled into one common ruin? We pause for a reply.

SPEAKER CRAFTS, true to Democratic instincts, has not shown sufficient manhood to treat the Republicans with the same degree of fairness that the Republicans extended the Democrats in the Thirty-fifth General Assembly. At that time there were seven labor men in the House and Mr. Crafts represented a minority in the formation of the committees, as Mr. Hunter does now. Hunter represents a minority of 7?, while Crafts in the Thirty-fifth represented a minority of only 70; and yet at that time the Republicans took care of the labor party, without an effort to put them upon the minority; but now Mr. Crafts forces the three F. M. B. A. men upon the minority. This is simply hoggish. There are provisions in the present rules for at least 40 committees which will average not less than 15 members to a committee, and allowing that the representation on each committee will be 9 to 6, it gives Mr. Crafts 360 places for 76 men, excluding himself, or nearly five places to each man, while it leaves but 240 places for the 78 Republicans and the 3 F. M. B. A. men a little above 3 places for each man. This is Democratic courtesy with a vengeance.

Treachery's Work.

It is fair to presume that the action yesterday of the Democrats and their Republican allies, Cameron, Jones, of Nevada, Stewart, Teller, Washburn and Wolcott, in laying aside a proposition to adopt a rule providing for closing debate and taking up the Apportionment bill, not only defeats the proposition to close debate, but defeats also the Federal Election bill and leaves the Democrats who by their recent conduct in the Senate have shown that they have no more regard for Senatorial courtesy than a razor back hog has for a pearl, masters of the business of the Senate.

While this action will cause great shouting and joy among Democrats, no amount of decoration can hide the damnable creation beneath it all, which will sooner or later return to the injury of the whole people There were shouts over the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska bill and over the Dred Scott decision. There were men in the North who were so elated over these events that they clasped each other about the neck. These measures represented the victory of the strong over the weak. They were brought about by treachery—for gain. They meant the overthrow of human rights, but the day of reckoning came swiftly in blood and sorrow.

The situation to-day involves human rights as the situation then did, and the results have been acquired by treachery—for gain—as they were then, except that when viewed in the light of the present and the lessons of the past they are more reprehensible. These Republican Senators, in this case, taking advantage of a false issue among the people, that of the free and unlimited coinage of silver, being themselves either the owners or the representatives of those who own silver mines, who would reap large fortunes from the effects of the passage of such a measure, sold the rights of the downtrodden to the Democratic party for its vote to pass the silver bill. One at least of these new Senators, Cameron, has been found with part of the price in his pocket. The others have not yet and may never be discovered, but the silver clinks in their pockets just the same.

Since the days of Benedict Arnold no treachery has involved the rights of others to the extent that this has; but the day of reckoning is shod with wool and though silently, it surely creeps upon us. The history of the world attests that the nation which forgets the weak must sooner or later pay the penalty.

Seceding from the World's Fair

The Northern Democrat can still be relied upon to dance whenever the South pipes. That section has, from the introduction of the Federal Election bill, continuously objected to its passage, and no sooner had the South made its objections known than every Northern Democrat who wears the Southern collar—most of them do—came at once to the support of the South in its opposition to the Federal Election bill and still stands ready to go to any extreme in that support.

Should the South threaten secession on account of the bill the Northern Democracy would be found in sympathy with it. The Republican party would be accused by them, as it was in 1861, of causing secession, and the Republican leaders, as they were then, would be called usurpers and tyrants.

The South, however, shows no disposition to secede from the Union; but at least two of the Southern States, by their Legislatures, say that in case the Federal Election bill becomes a law they will secede from the World's Fair, and, true to their instincts, the Northern Democrats say that, such being the case, we cannot afford to permit the passage of the bill.

Even Illinois has been disgraced by its Democratic House, in the adoption of a resolution by that body against the passage of the bill on account of this Southern blaster. It is humiliating to the people of the State that its representatives should do such a thing. If Alabama and Arkansas want to play the booby let them do it at their own peril and at the expense of their own reputations. The World's Fair can get along without them better than they can get along without the World's Fair.

As It Seems Likely To Be.

Chicago *Inter-Ocean*: The German Empire is likely to repeal its edict against the introduction of American pork, which will be a good thing for the American farmer and a bad thing for the American free trader, who will have one less grievance to charge falsely to "the infamous tariff."

Matters, as it now seems, are likely to be thus before the present year is over: Tin plate 10 to 20 per cent lower in price than it has been for twenty years.

American meats readmitted to the German market.

Plush goods cheaper than ever, and, for the first time, largely manufactured in the United States.

Sugar cheaper than it has been for half a century.

A general decrease in price of iron ware.

And all these things since, and all but one of them "on account of" the "infamous McKinley bill." The briefly successful falsehoods of the free traders are beginning to plague them sorely.

Annoying Accident.

Editor (to foreman)—"What was that crash out there in the composing room."

Foreman—"Galley full of type fell on the floor. Pied everything in it except a part of the Springfield dispatches—'Palmer 101, Oglesby 100, Streeter 3.' We had that electrotyped several days ago to save composition."

NO ELECTION.

No One Elected—No One Disappointed.

Special to the REPUBLICAN.

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 28, 2:30 p. m.—The Legislature met in joint session at 12 m. and after the usual preliminaries and the fact that all the members were present had been ascertained the roll was called on the thirty-eighth ballot for United States Senator. The result was the same as on former ballots, Palmer, 101, Oglesby 100, Streeter 3. In all five ballots were taken to-day with the same result.

A MISSING MAN FOUND.

The Body of Campbell, the Chicago Millionaire, Discovered in the Chicago River.

[Special to the REPUBLICAN.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 28, 1 p. m.—The body of Mr. Campbell, the missing millionaire, who mysteriously disappeared in November last, was found this morning in the Chicago river and fully identified. It was suicide or murder.

Southern Influence in Kansas.

Mrs. Lease, the Kansas Alliance agitator, and her allies, who were of the opinion that Kansas could best serve her own and country's interests by electing an ex-Confederate soldier to the United States Senate because such an act would placate the South, have failed in bringing about such an election.

Mrs. Lease and her crowd have no doubt forgotten that originally the union of the South and West was contemplated by the Southern conspirators when concocting the secession of the States and the organization of the Confederacy. But at that time the blood of the martyrs was too fresh on Kansas soil and Kansas stood for the Union. About the year 1856 when it was supposed that Fremont might be elected President, the following toasts were drunk at a Fourth of July celebration at Atchison, Kansas, and greeted with cheers:

Disunion—By secession or otherwise—a beacon of hope to an oppressed people and the surest remedy for Southern wrongs.

The City of Atchison—May she before the close of the year 1857 be the CAPITAL OF A SOUTHERN REPUBLIC

Tariff Pictures.

New York *Press*: During the month of November, 1889, Great Britain exported to the United States, exclusive of woolen and worsted yarn and worsted fabrics, woolen fabrics amounting to 349,000 yards.

The month of November, 1890, was the first complete calendar month under the operations of the McKinley bill, and during it Great Britain exported to us, of the same classification of woolen fabrics, 184,100 yards, showing that the labor in 164,900 yards of woolen goods was called for in the American labor market instead of the English.

Did anybody in this country eat fewer eggs in November, 1890, than in November, 1889? Yet in November, 1889, with eggs on the free list we imported 2,468,452 dozen of eggs, but in November, 1890, under the McKinley duty on eggs, only 127,808 dozen.

And the price wasn't raised, either, for the eggs we imported in November, 1889, were invoiced at $413,562, or 16.75 cents a dozen, while those we imported in November, 1890, were invoiced at $17,821, or only 13.94 cents a dozen.

It simply means that $395,741 went into the pockets of American farmers instead of Canadian farmers.

Tariff Pictures.

New York *Press*: Our imports of iron from Great Britain are steadily falling off as our own capacity for supplying our wants increases. During the year 1889 we imported from Great Britain 575,708 tons of manufactures of iron, but the total in 1890 was only 522,942 tons.

This, however, included tin plate, which we had not begun to make until late in 1890. Excluding tin plate and including all other iron imports, our importations, which in 1889 were 239,019 tons, dropped in 1890 to 204,834 tons.

Are we not justified in expecting similar reduction in tin plate imports, now that we are to make them, too?

Tariff Pictures.

New York Press

According to the *United States Tobacco Journal*, which is not an admirer of the McKinley bill, the manufacture of cigars in the last half of the year exceeded that of the first six months by nearly 100,000,000. Coincident with the excitement due to the proposed increased duty on Sumatra tobacco, cigar manufacturing became very lively. In the first six months the monthly average was not quite 333,000,000

But in the last half year the average monthly manufacture has been almost 400,000,000.

Gave Up the Presidency.

Hon. Lyman J. Gage, of Chicago, has refused to serve a second term as president of the World's Columbian Exposition, to which he had been elected by a flattering vote. He will retire. Mr. Gage is first cousin of Mr. C. O. Judson, of Decatur, and is a gentleman who has been the chief person in getting the World's fair started right. He will become the president of the First National Bank of Chicago.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE COUNTY TOWNS.

ELWIN

An Illinois Central freight train was wrecked a half-mile south of Elwin Wednesday evening delaying the south-bound passenger an hour and a half.

G. W. Shively, of Elwin, and Fred Wilson, of Macon, departed for Nebraska Thursday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Seehr, Thursday, a son.

Fred Crickman brought home a new wife from the south Friday.

Several of our boys visited "Superba" Thursday night.

E. A. Shively and wife, of Decatur, are visiting here this week.

Rev. W. W. Law and son were here on business Saturday.

Miss Cora Beggs, of Decatur, is visiting Wm. Kolp and family.

Amzi King's child is very sick.

Charles Lord, of Decatur, was out to see his best girl Sunday night.

D. A. Stickle intends having a well bored on his farm a half-mile west of Elwin.

Richard Seeber and family, of Elwin, and son-in-law, of Hammond, will depart for Arkansas in the near future, where they intend locating.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Grantham, Monday, a son.

A. F. Hopkins went to Decatur, Tuesday, on business.

We are having some splendid weather here now.

G. W. Shively arrived home from his trip to Nebraska Tuesday evening

TROUTMAN

This morning we are having an old-fashioned, gentle spring rain.

Sharon revival closed last Wednesday evening. There were services at Sharon last Sunday and a good attendance and accessions to the church.

Jacob Kaylor and wife will celebrate their fiftieth anniversary day—a golden wedding.

Uncle Harrison Henson and wife are preparing to start for New Mexico to spend the remainder of the winter, for the benefit of Mr. H.'s health.

Miss Chamberlain, teacher of Sunnyside school, is on the sick list.

Rev Bryant, of Harristown, will commence a revival Sunday evening at the M. E church.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mortlock, of Chicago, are visiting relatives near Troutman.

Hugh Park will start out next Monday as agent for the Wrought Stone Co. We wish him success.

C. E. Morrison and S. E. Bear will make a joint sale to-morrow at Bearsdale.

Jessie Houck spent Sunday with Miss Myrtle Newman at the home of her uncle, Wm. Barnes, at Bearsdale.

Peter Troutman, of Victor, Kan., received a telegram last week, announcing the death of his eldest sister, Mrs. Thos. Barnett, of Fulton Co., Ind. Her eldest son, John Barnett, was the first white child born in their township. She leaves two brothers, one sister, one daughter and three sons who served in the late war

SUB.

ARGENTA.

W. H Tooley has sold his property in the north part of town to J. Grider. Consideration $800.

W. J. Dunbar has disposed of his lumber and implement stock to C. B. Currier.

A few K. of P's. attended the ceremonies of the institution of a new lodge at Champaign on Tuesday evening.

The Odd Fellows have work in the initiatory degree on Saturday, Jan. 31

Church still in progress by the U. B's. Two conversions so far. It will close this week.

D Bowles has sold his home one and one-fourth miles north of town, to H. H. Tooley Price $400.

In the near future S. Gerber will erect a large and commodious feed and livery stable on lots back of the business houses.

G. W. Spear returned home to Aurora Jan. 21 after a brief visit. Mrs. Spear will make a somewhat more extended visit.

The Sunday base ball cases were resurrected in court again and seven of our boys and men were compelled to attend court, gave bond for appearance, but as they have not been called yet it begins to look more like persecution than prosecution.

Miss Heinlie is visiting Miss Coffman at the residence of Mr. H. Haus, our worthy shoemaker.

Henry Stimeling, will by the approach of the farming season, move out on Capt. Barr's farm, where he has engaged for the year.

J. L. Fesler is visiting near Paris, Ill.

Sin Drake and family have gone to Chicago to visit. If they like it they will in the near future make that their home.

Mrs. Charles James and Mrs. J. W. Welton are on the sick list.

Election to-day for "City Dads."

Jan. 29.

LaPlace News.

Corn is 47 cents.

The revival at the Hall will commence this evening, Bro. Raley officiating.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. John Havener, a son, on last Thursday evening. Both mother and son are doing well.

The entertainment given at the Hall on last Saturday evening was very well rendered and a success financially, standing room was at a premium

Tom Cook, of Lake City, was in our burg Sunday. He has a very sore hand, received while butchering.

Wm Hornback expects to move to Argenta in the near future. He will assist his brother in farming.

W. W. Gunkle will leave for "fields anew" on next Monday.

Prof Tandy, who has been teaching a class in vocal music this winter, will give a concert in the near future.

B. P. Cox will erect a dwelling on his farm which his hired man will occupy.

Wm McSherry will occupy the Wilson property, lately vacated by Jo Hendricks.

Miss Williamson, of north of Decatur, is visiting Miss Eva Cox.

Behring Burrows, of Long Creek was in town last Saturday

Thos. Cristy, of Cerro Gordo, will move to La Place in a few days.

Jan. 27

Weldon

Young Castle, of the firm of Castle & Son, of Peoria, is here getting ready a design for Dr. Taylor's drug store

Born, to Mr and Mrs. James Lane, a son, January 27th.

D. C Miller was at Clinton yesterday

Farmers are busy marketing their grain this week Corn is worth 46 cents to-day

W. H Taylor was in Clinton yesterday, returning this morning

H H Summers, jr., will move his restaurant into W. H Taylor's old drug stand as soon as the building is vacant.

Solomon Henson, from near Cisco, is here to stay.

Jessie and Ernie Wilson are sick this week with throat trouble. X.

News at Cross Roads

E. Good is not very well this week.

Mrs. John Williams was pleasantly surprised at her home by her neighbors on the 24th inst. There were about twenty-five persons present. At noon a sumptuous repast was spread, to which the guests did justice. The day will be long remembered by all who were present.

A normal Sunday school class has been organized at Bethlehem, under the leadership of J. F. Wicks.

What is the matter with the Cross Roads boys? Just through wrestling with those questions. JAS.

VISITING CHICAGO VETERANS

They Spend Sunday in Decatur and Secure Quarters for 100 Delegates.

Decatur will have a tremendously large number of G. A. R. delegates and sight-seers within her gates the first week in April, on the occasion of the silver anniversary celebration and annual encampment of the Illinois Department.

And from date until April 7, 8 and 9, Decatur will be the Mecca of officials and committees who will visit us to arrange for the great gathering. On Sunday the Chicago Posts had committees in the city to engage quarters for the Chicago delegation of 100 comrades, who will have seats at the business sessions of the department. The visiting comrades were:

H. P. Thompson, Phil Gunlock and Harry Wayne, from Post 5, an organization of 1200 members, the largest post in the United States.

Tom H. Brown, Post 91.

Ed. Kirk, jr., Post 444.

P. G. Gardner, Post 667, Lagrange.

The gentlemen secured the entire third floor of the St. Nicholas hotel, over the dining room—and they promise that they will keep open house in a style befitting their city. Chicago is said to be solid for Major Fullerton, of Ottawa, for Department Commander.

POINTERS FOR 1893.

Comrade Wagar said: "You put it down cold that Chicago will not only have the National Encampment in 1893, but also the Illinois Department Encampment. That's settled. We will also have the Commander-in-Chief for that year, and Comrade Hi Thompson will be the commander of the Illinois Department. Yes, sir; Chicago is to have full swing on everything in '93, and everything will come one way to help make the World's fair a boomer. Just look out for the great G. A. R. parades the week of the national and state encampment meetings." Mr. Wagar did not state who would be chosen Commander-in-Chief from Chicago, but he was quite emphatic in the declaration that Comrade Thompson would be the Illinois Department Commander. The other visiting comrades joined in the hearty nomination.

While in the city the committee conferred with Mayor Kenan, Comrade Steele and other members of the local committee. Possibly the Chicago delegation will arrive Sunday morning, April 5, and stay here until the following Thursday or Friday. The 100 men will be at a daily expense of $200 at the hotel.

It was represented by the visitors that nearly all of the comrades in the northern part of the state will support Major Fullerton, of Ottawa, for Department Commander at the Decatur meeting.

Stated by H. B. Cochran, druggist, Lancaster, Pa.: Have guaranteed over 300 bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters for dyspepsia, sour stomach, bilious attacks, liver and kidney trouble.

NELLIE'S UNLUCKY MARRIAGE.

The Daughter of Rev. W. R. Goodwin Granted a Divorce in Chicago.

The following item of court news of local interest appeared in the columns of the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* of Sunday:

The first applicant for divorce before Judge Tuley yesterday was the pretty daughter of Dr. W. R. Goodwin, a Methodist minister in Austin. Nellie Goodwin was married to Myron Weil, July 28th, 1886, at Jacksonville, Ill Weil turned out to be a very gay husband, forming an intimate acquaintance with a Miss McClelland, a school teacher, whom he took out riding and presented her with jewelry and a silk umbrella. When Mrs. Weil heard of his conduct she called him to account, and he simply said that if she didn't like it she could go home to her parents, But she forgave him, and everything went well until he took up with a Miss Griffin. The court will sign a decree when presented.

Rev. Goodwin was formerly pastor of the First M. E. Church, this city. Miss Nellie will be remembered by her many Decatur friends as a bright and winsome miss. It was while the family resided at Jacksonville that her marriage with Myron Weil, son of a Hebrew in that city, took place Both families endeavored to prevent the marriage, but the couple were determined to wed, and they did so. At the time of the marriage all Decatur friends of the family shook their heads and predicted bad luck in some form or other, and there was general gossip and speculation as to the outcome. The divorce court is the end of the alliance

Coal Veins Can be Taxed.

A case of great importance has just been decided by the Supreme Court of Illinois, involving a new principle of land. The suit was brought against the Consolidated Coal Company, of St. Louis, by James D. Baker, collector of St. Clair county, Ill. The coal company became the owners of veins of coal supposed to exist in certain farms of the county mentioned. Baker assessed those veins and endeavored to collect $50 tax on them. The company resisted, suit was instituted in the state courts, and Judge Hay sustained the collector. The company insisted that the property paid a surface tax as farming property, hence could not equitably be taxed a second time; that the value of the veins and their extent being unknown, no tax could be imposed The appeal was taken to the Supreme court, which has just affirmed the decision of the lower tribunal. The case was a test one and involves thousands upon thousands of dollars.

A BAGGAGE check has been invented consisting of a shell in two pieces, the lower part attached to the body of the trunk and the upper part to the cover, fitting together when the trunk is closed. It is said to have many advantages over the old style.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OUR NEW CHINA ❋ DEPARTMENT,

On Second Floor,

Is the Greatest Success in the shortest length of time of anything ever attempted in Decatur.

OUR SALES DURING THE HOLIDAYS were unprecedented BECAUSE OUR PATTERNS WERE THE HANDSOMEST TO BE FOUND, AND OUR PRICES ABOUT HALF WHAT SUCH GOODS HAD ALWAYS SOLD HERE FOR. **WE SOLD OVER 300 DINNER SETS IN NINE WEEKS.** Figure it yourself and you will see that the amount of business done in this new department was **OVER $10,000 IN NINE WEEKS.**

Our stock is in shape again in almost all the PATTERNS OF DINNER WARE that proved such wonderful sellers over those to be found elsewhere. WE SHOW MORE PATTERNS IN HAVILAND and other FINE CHINAS than the very pretentious institutions which have always had their own way here, and we seem to show patterns in ENGLISH GOODS that have taken the "WIND OUT OF THEIR SALES" very fast.

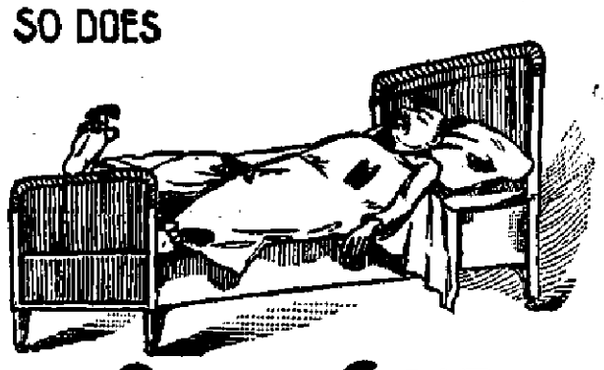
You can't afford to buy TOILET SETS, or anything in this line of China without seeing our wares. When you want a WEDDING PRESENT you might as well come to our store and save yourself worry and trouble. You will find more to interest you in our various lines than in any store in Central Illinois.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Jewelers, Decatur, Ill.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

They Get There
Just the same,
AND SO DOES



SANTA CLAUS SOAP.
MADE ONLY BY
N.K.FAIRBANK&CO. CHICAGO.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Seldom Do You Have the Privilege
—OF—
BUYING DIRECT From the MANUFACTURERS,
BUT WHEN YOU BUY
+Decatur Shoes+
—AT—
POWERS' SHOE STORE,
[The Only One Permitted to Sell Them in Decatur,]

You save the railroad freight, the jobber's profit and the expense of a traveling salesman.

LEAVE YOUR MONEY AT HOME,

And help support the people at your own door. If you are not one of the generous donators of the $11,000 which was presented to the Shoe Factory, help them by using your money where you may hope to see it again.

See the Splendid
POLISH SHOES AT 75c A PAIR
For Ladies,
—AND—
MEN'S CONGRESS SHOES AT $1.00.
And many others, AT PRICES THAT WILL ASTONISH YOU.
—AT—
+POWERS'+
Shoe Store.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

AN OLD SOLDIER GONE.

Michael Duggan, an Old Veteran of the 2d Illinois Artillery, at the Ripe Age of 80 Years, Passed Away Yesterday.

Michael Duggan, who has been an inmate of St. Mary's Hospital for the last ten years, died there yesterday at 4 o'clock p. m.

Michael Duggan is well known to most people of Macon county. He was born in County Limerick, Ireland, in 1810, and came here 41 years ago. He came because the United States was his ideal of what a government should be, and he determined to pursue happiness in a land which recognized the fact that "all men are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which were life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." As soon as he landed on American soil he became at American. The cause of freedom occupied a high place in his heart, and it was only ten years after his arrival when the events of secession and rebellion against his adopted government fanned his patriotic impulses into a blaze. He stood with the civilization that supported Lincoln for the presidency and refused longer to submit to the dictation of an oligarchy. When Abraham Lincoln issued his first call for troops Michael Duggan was among the first to respond. He enlisted in Battery "I" Second Illinois Artillery in which organization he re-enlisted and served until the close of the war. He was with his battery and participated in twenty-six battles and skirmishes in all. Michael Duggan was acknowledged to have acted as among the best of soldiers. His battery was connected with the Fourteenth Army Corps and participated in Sherman's march to sea. At the siege of Island No. 10 he was severely injured, but temporarily recovering from the injury he served until the close of the war. That injury, however, culminated in paralysis about twenty-two years ago, since which time he has been an invalid until relieved by death. About ten years ago he was placed in St. Mary's Hospital of this city, where he remained until his death. He leaves four children to mourn his departure; Stephen Duggan, of Pine Bluff, Ark.; Mrs. Catherine Hogan, of Lake City; Michael Duggan, of Dalton City, and Miss Bridget Duggan, of this city.

Thus one by one those who stood on the line of battle, in the fierce flame of war, delivering battle for the maintenance of the "government of the people, by the people and for the people," hear the last call of the bugle and fall asleep.

Sales of Real Estate.

Mary E. Barnard to Nora Kincaid, deed to lot 7, block 1, of B. H. Cassell's sixth addition to Decatur—$1,500.

Orlando C. Stafford to Mrs. Kate Evans, deed to lot 2, in H. S. Evans, second addition to Decatur—$800.

Louisa C. Gregory to George Benson, deed to 80 acres in sections 33 and 34, 17, 1, east—$4,400.

David N. Moore to W. E. Crane, jr., deek to lot 6, block 2, of Bellevue Place addition to Decatur—$800.

J. K. Warren and J. J. Peddecord, to Mary M. Doly, deed to lot 12, block 9, Carver's addition—$225.

R. R. Garden to John Langdon, deed to lots 16 and 17, block 17, in Blue Mound—$450.

Charles Keppler to Alfred Buckley, deed to the north part of lots 2 and 3, in block 12, Warrensburg—$35.

John Gregory to George Benson, deed to 80 acres in 3 and 4, 16, 1 east—$4400.

W. J. Quinlan to Ira J. Babcock and Albert M. Babcock, deed to 80 acres in 20, 17, 3 east—$4,500.

Charles Laux to William Evans, deed to lots 1, 2 and 3, in block 1, of Kaufman's addition to Decatur—$5,000.

William Murray to William C. Murray, deed to 78 acres off the north end of the east half of the northeast quarter of 25, 16, 3 east—$9,000.

A. M. Etheridge to Joseph Cohen, deed to lot 5 in M. P. Murphey's addition to Decatur—$1,500.

Rudolph Thomas to Randle F. McDonald, the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter; the south half of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter; the west half of the southwest quarter, and 20.69 acres off the east side of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, all in 35, 16, 3 east—3,500.

Andrew J. Wallace to L. C. Matthews, 48 feet off the east side of lot 7, and 3 feet off the west side of lot 8, in the Southwestern addition to Decatur, the same being the lot and residence at 346 West Macon street—$10,000.

Isaac L. Gregory to Thomas N. Gregory, an undivided interest in the south 110 acres off the southeast quarter of section 11, 14, 1 east—$300.

Fernando D. Bromley to James Bromley, deed to 26⅔ acres in 31, and 13⅓ acres in 32, all in 15, 3 east.

Official.

It is just announced officially that Commander-in-Chief W. G. Veasey, of the G. A. R., has appointed Ex Gov. R. J. Oglesby a member of the National Memorial Hall Committee in place of Judge Walter Q. Gresham, who declined. The fact that Gov. Oglesby is on the committee has been known for some time.

On the Committees.

State Senator Manecke, of Macon county, has been placed on eight of the thirty-nine committees in the Senate, the list having been presented by Senator Evans Saturday last and approved, as follows:

On revenue, corporations, state charitable institutions, public buildings and grounds, agriculture and drainage, mines and mining, labor and manufactures, roads, highways and bridges.

Letter List.

Advertised letters remaining in the Postoffice January 27, 1891.

Carroll, Florence	Mugh, W. H.
Crawford, John	Rights, Mary
Gray, Allie	Runner, Josh
Freeman, T. J.	Spiegle, Asa
Lane, H. S.	Stevens, Dock
McGrath, Nettie	Stinman, C.
McLaughlin, J. S.	Waethore, Joseph

S. S. Jack, P. M.

Have used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for croup and colds, and declare it a positive cure. Contributed by Wm. Kay, 670 Plymouth Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Coming Next Week.

SHENANDOAH.

We take pleasure in announcing that on Tuesday evening, February 3, the original "Shenandoah" company will appear at the Grand Opera House in Bronson Howard's great play, "Shenandoah." Read the following from the Chicago *Tribune:*

Mr. Bronson Howard's "Shenandoah," which is now running at McVicker's Theater, richly merits the liberal patronage it receives. From many points of view it is the best American play ever written. The story is simple, unaffected, and interesting. The dialogue is brilliant. The construction of the scenes observes all the rules of good playwriting. The comedy element is admiradly done, and if the pathos is at times a little strained it is still in accord with the average sentiment of the spectators.

Apart from the cleverness of the author "Shenandoah" deserves and will have public approval, because it is a wholesome play. There is no part of it which a mother would not wish her daughter to see.

As we pass away from the period of the war it is well that the sentiment of love of country should be revived in older breasts and animated in younger ones. A play that elevates the flag and in its behalf thrills an audience with the martial spirit serves a good purpose. All the military accessories of "Shenandoah" are said to be technically correct, as they certainly are faithful to the scene. The spick and span new uniform which are "magnificent but are no war," do not find a place in Mr. Howard's play. The veteran's come from the march travel-stained and worn. There is dust—real dust of the red Virginia soil—on their garments. The episode of Sheridan's ride is seized upon and introduced as the climax of a scene which brings the tears—eloquent tributes to the patriotic impulses of the play—to many eyes.

The *Tribune* takes great pleasure in commending "Shenandoah" to its readers as a play which should on no account be missed—for seeing which everybody will be the better—and in which nobody who sees it will be disappointed.

Wednesday evening, Feb. 4, the popular actor, Mr. Oliver Byron, in his new and greatest play, "The Plunger."

YOUTHFUL THIEVES.

Two Boys Steal a Horse and Buggy and Come to Decatur.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock on information from Bloomington Officer Williamson near the F. W. Niedemeyer grocery store, arrested two boys, Fred Schermer and Will Deshon, charged with stealing a horse and buggy, worth $200, from B. M. Kuhn, at Normal, Ill. The boys had the rig in their possession, but the top of the buggy had been torn off and thrown away, so that the rig would not be easily recognized. Officer Brockwoy put the boys in the "sweat box" separately and got them to confess. The rig was taken from Normal Sunday night and was driven to Decatur. Schermer says he got the rig from some boys who were driving it around Bloomington. Deshon stated that Schermer invited him to get in the buggy and come down to Decatur with him and he did so. Schermer's parents resid in Decatur, having lately removed here from Bloomington. Deshon's parents live in Bloomington. The boys, each not more than 14 years of age, were put in the county jail last night, and to-day Sheriff Bishop, of McLean county, with B. M. Kuhn, came down after the boys and the rig. The boys will be prosecuted at Bloomington.

A CELEBRATED CASE.

The Aurora Girl Out of Her Trance At Last.

Miss Grace Gradely, who has been in a trance for nine months, at Aurora, Ill., has at last been aroused. About nine months ago Amboy experienced a great religious awakening. The entire community became enthused and the meetings were very largely attended. Among the most enthusiastic attendants was Miss Gradley, a handsome young lady of 18 years. One night she returned from a meeting in a high state of excitement and went to bed in the same state of mind, although otherwise in perfect health. The next day she could not be aroused from a deep sleep into which she had fallen. Doctors were called in and all known remedies applied to no effect. The girl slept on day after day never once waking or even rousing up. Her eyes were tightly closed and her cheeks flushed, while her lips were parted in a half-smile. It seemed as though she were about to awake at any moment, but her sleep was utterly profound. She took nourishment of a liquid form from a spoon, the act of swallowing being perfectly natural.

The case attracted physicians from all parts of the country and the conclusion on their part was that the religious excitement had mentally overtaxed the girl in an abnormal manner, producing absolute suspension of mind activity. Saturday she suddenly roused up, was dressed and sat down to the table at her usual place, but spoke to no one. She seems to be in good health, having lost but little flesh, but she cannot converse; the power of articulation has left her. She only answers in unmeaning, guttural tones. The case is a strange one and still excites medical interest.

A Guarantee.—There is no case of rheumatism or neuralgia, which will not be relieved by the use of Salvation Oil. Price, 25 cents a bottle.

A Clergyman's Opinion.—Having had an opportunity to test the excellent qualities of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, I hesitate not to say, it is the best remedy I have ever used in my family.—Rev. Wm. Chapman, Pastor M. E. Church, Georgetown, D. C.

A Brilliant Wedding.

Miss Lillie Wheeler and Mr. Orlando Heckel, both of Long Creek township, were married on Sunday evening, January 25, at North Fork church. The floral committee of the Y. P. S. C. E. had decorated the church with evergreens and beautiful flowers in honor of the occasion, when two of the society's most cherished members were to celebrate the great event of their lives, and at the close of the regular prayer meeting Mendelssohn's wedding march, rendered by Miss Mary Clark, ushered in the bridal party. Miss Abbie Batchelder, of Warrensburg, and Mr Irving Heckel, brother of the bridegroom, were the attendants, and Mr. Elvin Divan and Mr. John Record acted as ushers. Standing beneath an arch of evergreens surmounted by symbols of good luck and initial letters in exquisite white flowers, the well-known ring ceremony took place, with Rev. J. L. Pinkerton and Mr. W. G. Oglevie, a young divine from Lincoln, Ill., officiating. The bride wore a cream-colored cashmere, with tasteful ornaments and natural flowers. Miss Batchelder wore a dark blue silk, with lace overdress. After receiving the congratulations of their numerous friends, the estimable couple started for an extensive visit through the country. Both are well known as members of two of the oldest and most respected families in the neighborhood, and take with them the best wishes of a host of friends. Mr. Orlando Heckel is a promising young farmer and will follow his chosen occupation the coming season on the old Tyler farm at Antioch, where the young couple will be glad to welcome all their friends after the first of March.

The Cause of the Reversal.

The text of the decision of the appellate court in the Decatur liquor cases which were sent back for a new trial, has been received. The point on which the case is reversed is that the court erred in his rulings in the make up of the petit jury which tried the cases. At the opening of the trial the attorneys for the defendants consumed considerable time in the examination of citizens as to their qualification to serve as jurors. Finally the court wearied of the waste of time, and he told the lawyers he would give them an hour for the examination of four men. The counsel for the defense at the last spent an hour in plying one man with questions, and then under the ruling of the court the other three men had to be sworn without examination. The decision does not affect any of the other criminal cases disposed of at that term of court.

Death of Leslie G. McPherson.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Leslie G. McPherson, city attorney of Tuscola, well-known to many Decatur people, died in that city yesterday at the age of 38 years. He formerly lived in Ottawa, Ill., and his remains will be taken there for interment.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Bradley Bros.
GREAT
ANNUAL SALE
—OF—
SHEETINGS!
Commences This Week.

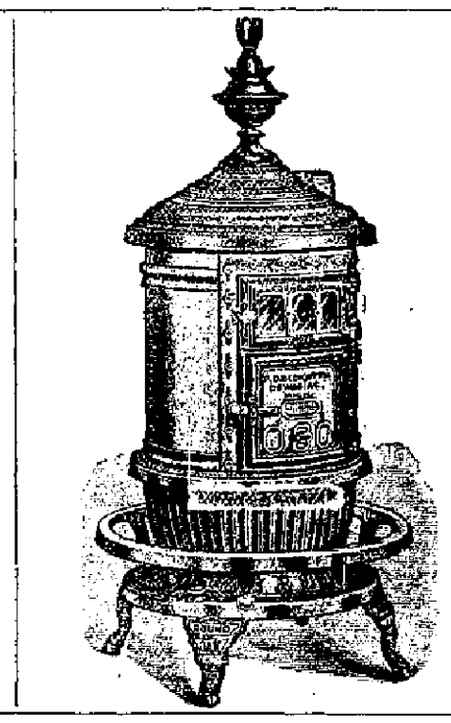
Good Housekeepers never allow their Stock to Entirely wear out. Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings and Casings in all widths.

20 Per Cent. Below Regular Prices.

+BRADLEY BROS.,+
Agents for the Jouvin Kid Gloves.
Gloves Fitted to the Hand and Quality Warranted.
Corner of Water and William Streets.

THE GENUINE
ROUND OAK!

ORIGINAL OF ITS CLASS.



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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

WITH an unimpeachable anti-free-silver record, the Republican party can go before the country with confidence in 1892.

H. C. HANSBROUGH (Rep.) was yesterday elected by the North Dakota Legislature to succeed Senator Pierce in the United States Senate.

THE conduct of "Bully" Mills in Congress in the last few days will so endear him to the hearts of the Democrats that Springer's chances for the Speakership can soon be "put in your eye."

THE "closure" is necessary in the Senate to enable the majority to transact business, just as the "Force" bill is necessary at the South to enable the majority to vote and have their votes counted.

GOVERNOR TAYLOR of Tennessee goes out of office with a record of granting 301 pardons in four years, and the nickname of the "Pardon Governor." Begging his pardon, we doubt if he will pardon himself when he coolly looks over his record.

THERE is one tribe in the interior of Africa that makes it a sacred duty to kill a common liar. If such a custom had been in vogue in the United States during the last political canvass there would not have been enough free-trade democratic editors left alive for seed in 1892.

PRINCE BANDOUIN, heir to the throne of Belgium, died yesterday quite suddenly. Much excitement has grown out of this death, many believing that there is some mystery connected with his sudden demise. The prince was very popular with the people. Crowds are discussing the matter on the streets at Brussels.

THE Hon. D. T. Littler has testified before the special committee appointed by Congress to investigate the connection of any of the members of Congress with the "silver pool" that he purchased for Senator Cameron $100,000 worth of silver before the silver bill was passed and became a law.

THE veteran Board of Trade operator, R. P. Hutchison, states that he has made every arrangement to quit business on the Board on his own account. But as he intimates that he will continue to do business on the Board for others his determination will amount to but little to the public. Old Hutch is still "in it."

VICE PRESIDENT MORTON rose to the requirements of the hour yesterday and sat down on the German filibusters by ruling that Senator Aldrich's motion to proceed to the consideration of the closure rule was in order, and it was carried by yeas 36, nays 32—Jones of Nevada voting with the Democrats. Mr. Morton will be the object of Democratic bullying from now on.

SENATOR EUSTIS, of the South, declared in the Senate a few days ago, that if the Federal election bill and the closure resolution were passed, there would be another civil war. This when resolved into the proper significance means that unless the minority is permitted to dictate the government, they will make war against it. Thus the evidence accumulates that these people were unworthy of the leniency shown them by the Republican party at the close of the war.

BOB FORD, who became notorious by assassinating Jesse James ten years ago, is again before the public as a shootist. Yesterday he and J. D. Harden were the principals in a shooting affair at Welsenberg, Colo., in which each emptied his revolver at the other, at close range, in the latter's saloon. Harden was shot through the shoulder and hand. Ford got off with a shot in the foot and powder burns in the face. The unfortunate part of the affair is that both are not in the "happy hunting grounds."

A RESOLUTION was introduced in the Senate looking toward taking away from the Auditor of State certain fees which that office has yielded, notably the fees collected by him from Insurance Companies as Commissioner of Insurance and which is allowed by law. As a companion piece to this it would be about the thing for some of our Democratic reformers in obedience to their platform to introduce a bill to keep State Treasurer Wilson from appropriating to his own use the interest on the State's money in his hands. A plain and comprehensive law on this subject would be better security for the people of Illinois than Ed. Wilson's word. Do you see?

A REPORT has gained circulation to the effect that Grover Cleveland has said that the reason he said nothing on the free coinage question is that he fears any opinion he might advance at this time might over influence his party. As his party is running riot on that question in favor of the worst wild cat conception of Silver coinage at this time, it is but fair to presume that the "Stuffed Prophet" has not changed his mind from what it was when he wrote his silver letter to Congressman Warner. As to the over influencing his party, if he should give an expression of opinion at this time is but an over attack of egotism. His party did not take his advice given in the aforesaid letter and would probably not take it now. It is Cleveland's egotism not his soul that is as big as his body.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

That Piece of Advice.

A few days ago the REPUBLICAN remarked that "England's theory was that this should be a farming country and that she herself would do the manufacturing. One hundred and fifty years later our American free traders argue as England did then." To this statement the *Review* takes exceptions in the following plain language: "The free traders, to whatever party they may belong, argue no such thing and it would not hurt the REPUBLICAN to get acquainted with their arguments, if it is going to continue the discussion of this matter."

It is a question with the REPUBLICAN whether or not the *Review* is in earnest in this matter. Whether honest or not, however, if it will appropriate its own advice it will not be injured seriously by the result. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, we presume is at the head of the hosts of free traders and the *Review* will not care to dispute his positions and assumptions on this question. Mr. Mills, in a speech delivered in Congress in December, 1884, said:

By the inexorable law of necessity the European manufacturer and the American farmer are customers of each other, and our agriculture is seriously involved in all legislation that restricts the importation of foreign goods.

Here it is in a nut shell, and the logical conclusion of every free trade speech, whether it be called a tariff for revenue speech or a tariff reform speech, is precisely the same as that which Mills reached in his speech. A tariff, Mr. Mills and all other free traders argue, operates as a restriction upon the full fruition of this inexorable law of necessity by which the American farmer and the European manufacturer are customers of each other. Mr. Mills then proceeded to note some benefits which this inexorable law would yield if it were allowed free action. He said:

Each product (the American farmer's and the European's product) goes from the *lower* to the *higher* market to obtain increased value; each sends to the foreign market to sell because it is the *highest* market for the export.

This is also the argument of every free trader, and taken in conjunction they not only prove that this class of political economists are contending to-day for the same that England contended for 150 years ago and up to the present day, namely, that England should be the manufacturing country and this the farming country, because it would be profitable to both. But it also proves another fact which the *Review* has denied, namely, that every man who argues it is either a free trader or a demagogue. But Mr. Mills was not satisfied to let "well enough" and in the same speech he proceeded to kick over his "kettle of fish." He said:

Each (the American farmer and the European manufacturer) sends to the foreign market to buy because it is the *lowest* market for the import, and in both cases both parties are actuated by the motive of gain, which is the sole motive that actuates all trade, both foreign and domestic.

This is also the argument of every free trader, but woe be to the arguments when brought together, as they were by Mr. Mills in the speech from which we quote. In the one case free trade between the American farmer and the European manufacturer, Mr. Mills and all his disciples argue, would be profitable to both, because each would be selling his product in the *highest* market, and in the other argument he says it would be profitable to both, because each would be buying the products of the other in the *cheapest* market, "being actuated by the motive of gain."

This is contradiction run mad, warped and out at the knees, and yet it is the best the free trade nonsense admits of. It is the only way that the old saw, "Buy where you can buy the cheapest and sell where you can sell the highest," which is self-contradictory, can be kept on its legs. Now, honor bright, Mr. *Review*, might it not be profitable for you "to get acquainted with the arguments of free traders?"

Tariff Pictures.

New York *Press*: This is the way the new protection is transferring the worsted market from English to American worsteds. In November, 1889, Great Britain exported to the United States 4,613,500 yards of worsted fabrics. In November, 1890, she exported to us only 2,147,600 yards. And yet worsted coatings are no higher in price, because America's productive capacity is equal to the demand.

Kansas End Sawed Off.

The Kansas end of Bill Lewis' saloon in Tout-a-Loup was torn down on Thursday by Commissioner Patterson of Kansas City, Kan. The saloon stood on the State line in Kansas City, and Lewis had always evaded arrest for running in in either State by claiming that his business was done in the other.

Peculiar Ethics.

The Force bill is a crime.—*Democratic Newspaper.*

We are living and acting, it seems, in a time
When the weakest must go to the wall;
Protecting the negro by law is a crime,
But to kill him is no crime at all.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for the bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie a farmer and stockman, of the same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or does; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c a bottle, at King & Wood's Drug Store.

THE conclusion of a letter addressed to Gen. A. S. Warner and other Democratic members of congress by President-elect Cleveland, Feb. 24, 1885;

It is of momentous importance to prevent the two metals from parting company; to prevent the increasing displacement of gold by the increasing coinage of silver; to prevent the disuse of gold in the custom houses of the United States in the daily business of the people! to prevent the ultimate expulsion of gold by silver. Such a financial crisis as these events would certainly precipitate, were it now to follow upon so long a period of commercial depression, would involve the people of every city and every state in the Union in a prolonged and disastrous trouble. The revival of business enterprise and prosperity so ardently desired and apparently so near would be hopelessly postponed. Gold would be withdrawn to its hoarding places, and an unprecedented contradiction in the actual volume of our currency would speedily take place. Saddest of all, in every workshop, mill, factory, store and on every railroad and farm, the wages of labor, already depressed, would suffer still further depression by a scaling down of the purchasing power of every so-called dollar paid into the hand of toil. From these impending calamities it is surely a most patriotic and grateful duty of the representatives of the people to deliver them.

I am, gentlemen, with sincere respect, your fellow citizen. GROVER CLEVELAND.

Ex-President Cleveland's present views on a free silver coinage amendment to the Senate Financial bill, which he might have defeated if he tried:

— — — — — — — — — — — —
— — — — — — — — — — — —
— — — — — — — — — — — —

Has he gone into a hole and drawn the hole in after him?—*N. Y. Mail and Express.*

Governor Hill.

From Thursday's Daily.

Governor Hill, of New York, was yesterday elected to the United States Senate from that state. Much has been said and many have been the conjectures concerning the probable outcome of the antagonism between Hill and Cleveland. It looked like a divided Democracy in New York on the presidency. It has been supposed that Hill would not be a candidate for Senator under any consideration, taking the chances for the delegation in the next National Democratic Convention. But all these plans, if indeed they ever existed, seem suddenly to have been changed. Hill goes to the Senate, and it is evident, if former reports were true, that a truce has been patched up that will take away the Hill opposition to Cleveland.

Some predict that the late deal contemplates the nomination of Hill in 1896 as Cleveland's successor. If this be true it might be well to elect Cleveland first before arrangements are made for his successor. The trouble is that Mr. Cleveland will never again be President of the United States.

Commerce and Shipping.

The New York *Herald*, free trade organ, reprints the statement of the secretary of the Chamber of Commerce for that city. The statement shows that the total of the city's trade for 1890 was greater by $120,126,206 than for 1889. Three months of the "infamous McKinley bill" did not work so badly after all. We were told that the "infamous bill" would destroy our export trade; but the exports of New York were greater by $36,867,450 in 1890 than in 1889. They were, in fact, greater than in any year of which record is made except the year 1881.

But, as the *Herald* reports, out of a total commerce of $913,665,600 brought into the port of New York during 1890 only $67,119 was imported by American vessels, against $455,460,278 in foreign vessels; and of exports only $43,104,905 went out in American ships, against $327,218,125 in foreign bottoms.

The moral is plain, agriculture and manufactures have increased under protection. Our maritime trade has decreased since we withdrew protection from it.

Election of United States Senators.

From Thursday's Daily.

The following gentlemen were yesterday elected by their respective state legislatures to the United States Senate: David B. Hill, (Dem.) New York; Jacob B. Gallinger, (Rep.,) New Hampshire; J. D. Cameron, (Rep.,) Pennsylvania; D. W. Voorhees, (Dem.,) Indiana; O. B. Platt, (Rep.,) Connecticut; G. G. Vest, (Dem.,) Missouri; J. K. Jones, (Dem.,) Arkansas; H. M. Teller, (Rep.,) Colorado; W. C. Squire, (Rep.,) Washington, and J. H. Mitchell, (Rep.,) Oregon.

The President Distributes Lymph.

President Harrison has received from W. W. Phelps, United States Minister to Germany, five vials of the celebrated Koch's lymph, and has distributed them among the following institutions: Providence Hospital, Washington; Polyclinic Hospital, Chicago; Charity Hospital, New Orleans, and the Indianapolis City Hospital.

Tariff Pictures.

The McKinley bill increased the duty on imported linen thread from 40 per cent. to 45 per cent., but the Barbours have just reduced domestic button linen threads from 65 cents per dozen to 50 cents, and other threads in like proportion. Why? So as to push their goods in the home market that the higher duty enlarges. And other manufacturers who are equally shrewd will do likewise.

Tariff Pictures.

New York Press.

Ginghams in 1859 were selling at 9½ cents a yard, jobbers' prices. Well, new dress ginghams are advertised this week at the retail price of 8¾ cents a yard.

If Not Already Familiar to You,

All we ask is, try a bottle of Maguire's Cundurango when suffering from Headache, Constipation, Fever, Disordered Liver, Indigestion, and other kindred affections.

Old School Bullies.

The Governor of Texas, whose name is Hogg, encouraged by the recent defeat of the Republican party, in his message to the Legislature of Texas, announces a determination to let the National Government know that it must desist from arresting citizens of Texas and putting them on trial in the United States courts. He holds that the courts of Texas are able to look after all criminals and punish all crimes committed in the State of Texas. In other words he proposes to keep the National Government from exercising some of its functions.

In Congress, encouraged by the same event, Mills, of Texas, has assumed the role of the "bully," and, incited by the yells and shouts of his Democratic colleagues, in the most offensive and vulgar manner attacks Speaker Reed and other Republican leaders in Congress. This he does with the knowledge that these men, being gentlemen, cannot get down to his brutal methods to meet him. He thus feels the security that the sneak and assassin invokes which renders the swaggering braggart and bully unworthy the respect of decent people.

Those who cheer "Bully" Mills are prompted to do so by the same vindictive spirit which prompted the cheers in the Democratic National convention in Chicago in 1864 in response to the prayer which Henry Clay Dean delivered at the opening of that convention. Following is an extract from Dean's prayer:

For over three years Lincoln has been calling for men, and they have been given. But with all the vast armies placed at his command he has failed! *failed!* FAILED! Such a failure has never been known. Such destruction of human life has never been since the destruction of Sennacherib by the breath of the Almighty. And still the *monster usurper* wants more men for his slaughter-pens. * * * Ever since the *usurper, traitor* and *tyrant* has occupied the Presidential chair the Republican party has shouted "War to the knife and the knife to the hilt." Blood has flowed in torrents and yet the thirst of the *old monster* is not quenched. The cry is for more blood.

About the same time the Richmond *Enquirer*, which represented the Southern States then in rebellion, said:

The convention of Black Republicans in Baltimore has nominated for President of their country Abraham Lincoln, the Illinois rail-splitter, and for Vice-President Andrew Johnson, known in the West as the Tennessee tailor, and the meanest of the craft. * * * If we were now at peace with that section, it would be altogether indifferent to us *what ape, or jackass, or hyena* they set up to govern them. * * * It is for the interests of the Democrats, if they would elect their President, to do their very uttermost to weaken the Federal army, discredit Federal finances, in short, extinguish the war altogether in order to extinguish the party which invented it, governs it and lives by it.

These two expressions of sentiment, the one cheered by the representatives of the Democratic party in the North, and the other endorsed by the States in rebellion against the Government, were in perfect harmony in that they expressed a common hatred and enmity for the Republican party. They hated the Republican party because it was the only party ever organized that refused to consent to or compromise with the revolutionary methods and dogmas of the Southern oligarchy.

Reunited they have not ceased to hate the Republican party. They hate it still because it still refuses to consent to the revolutionary and unconstitutional methods of the South and contends for equal rights; and now that it has suffered a defeat, the braggarts and "bullies," led by such men as "Bully" Mills, "Bully" Vest and "Bully" Hogg, who, believing themselves secure from attack, are endeaving themselves to the rank and file of the Democratic party by attacking the leaders of the Republican party in language as brutal as that used in the prayer at the Democratic National convention and that used by the Richmond *Enquirer*, which made the same elements shout defiance at the Republican leaders in 1864.

A Light That Failed.

New York *Press*: A sorrow laden dispatch from Chicago, the shrinking and modest queen of the West, informs an anxious world that the widely talked about co-operative kitchen at Evanston, Ill., has finally proven a complete and ignominious failure. An assignment has been made, and the whole affair has been summarily wound up. This is an enterprise concerning whose progress the *Press* has kept its readers fully informed. It gladly acclaimed the inauguration of the concern, which if successful, was to dethrone the imperial servant girl and render housekeeping a thing of beauty and a joy forever to the mistresses of American homes. Some time ago, when the fair managers of the co-operative kitchen were beginning to find the enterprise in financial straits, the *Press* warned them that a continued attempt to conduct a seven dollar business on a four dollar basis would surely result in the wreck of their fondest hopes. But their keenly logical feminine minds failed to grasp the warning. The blow has fallen. Relentless fate has stepped up to the dinner gong and rung the knell on it with a broken stove handle. A heartless sheriff has sold out the co-operative belongings of the disciples of housekeeping according to Bellamy. Amid the ruins of it all sounds the inexorable hired girl waving a dishrag from the end of a broomstick in token of her triumph over those who disputed her omnipotence.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, Druggists.

THE Bluegrass Shop will make you low figures on vehicle work. apr 16-d

BEFORE TAKING INVENTORY,

January 31st,

LINN & SCRUGGS

DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

WILL OFFER THE FOLLOWING

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

To Close Out the Balance of their Winter Stock:

20 Ladies' Plush Sacques, elegant quality, at $14, FORMER PRICE, $25.

50 All-Wool Long Cloaks, at $3.50 and $5.00, REDUCED FROM $7.50 and $10.

100 Ladies' Jackets, Choice styles and qualities, at $8.00, FORMER PRICE, $15.

30 Pairs Chenille Curtains, at $3.90 and $4.90, WORTH $6.00 and $7.00.

20 Elegant French Pattern Dresses at $9.50, REDUCED FROM $15.

17 Pieces 54-inch All-Wool Ladies' Cloth, at 49c, FORMER PRICE, 75c.

30 Pieces French Plaid Suiting, very fine grade, 29c, REDUCED FROM 40c.

100 Pairs All-Wool Scarlet Medicated Blankets, $2.25, WORTH $3.50.

120 Pairs All-Wool White Blankets at $4.00, FORMER PRICE, $5.50.

200 Bed Comforts, made of Best Prints, $1.15, REDUCED FROM $1.50.

32 Doz. Ladies' Medicated Vests and Pants, at 69c, REDUCED FROM $1.00.

50 Doz Men's Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, 69c, FORMER PRICE, $1.00.

1 Lot Ladies' Beaded Fascinators at 50c, REDUCED FROM $1.00.

1 Lot Children's Wool Hoods and Caps at 25c, REDUCED FROM 50c.

50 Doz. All Linen Damask Towels at 6¼c, WORTH 8½c.

10 Pieces All Linen Bleached Damask, 49c, FORMER PRICE, 65c

LINN & SCRUGGS

DRY GOODS AND CARPET CO.,

AGENTS FOR

The Celebrated "Centemeri" Kid Gloves,
The Golden Rule Black Silk,
The Hercules White Shirts and Butterick's Patterns.

Will Make Ice at Centralia.

Articles of incorporation have been sent for and steps are now being taken to organize a stock company with $50,000 capital for the manufacture of artificial ice in Centralia. The wealthiest men of that community are interested in the enterprise.

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. novf-dAwtf

A Wonderful Cure!

Hereditary Scrofula seizes more victims every year than ever did a war. This is the picture of Mrs. Hibbard, who, since her cure from this disease by (one of the most prominent physicians of his day, over 45 years ago,) has made the placing of the

"HERB EXTRACT"

which cured her, before the public, her life-long work. Milton's lines, "Who best can suffer, best can serve," truly apply to her, and she gives advice free to all who call on or write to her. This vegetable remedy, without a particle of mercury or potash, so purifies the blood that RHEUMATISM,

SCROFULA,

CATARRH, CANCER, SKIN DISEASES, Etc., rapidly yield to its action. One bottle proves this. Try it. $1.00 per bottle; six for $5.00.

Our "ANTISEPTIC SALVE" for Piles, Burns, Sores, etc., guaranteed in connection with "Herb Extract" to cure Salt Rheum. Price 25c.

"Herb Extract Liver Pills" for Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, etc., 25c. per box, mailed post free. Small and effective.

Above trade mark on wrappers of all our goods, which are SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Send for History of Mrs. Hibbard's Cure.

HIBBARD HERB EXTRACT CO.
MRS. J. HIBBARD, Pres.
255 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill

FOR SALE BY

SWEARINGEN & TYLER,
CORNER DRUG STORE.

RAILWAY NOTICES.

MARDI GRAS EXCURSION TO NEW ORLEANS—The above event will be celebrated at New Orleans February 10, 1891. Commencing Feb. 3d and continuing until Feb. 8th the Illinois Central railroad will sell excursion tickets Decatur to New Orleans at $20.50 for the round trip, good to return up to and including Feb. 28th. C. O. JUDSON, Ticket Agent.

LOCATE IN THE SOUTH.—The drouth, Indian scare, failure of crops, etc., will turn the attention of many farmers to localities where the chances of success are more favorable. No particular section of the country has all the good things, and none that can claim any royal road to wealth except through hard work and close economy. We confidently believe, however, that the South, with a mild climate, a soil capable of producing almost any crop grown North, cheap lumber, cheap lands, etc., offers, especially to men of moderate means, greater advantages than any other section of country. Thousands of Northern families have located at points on the line of the Southern Division of the Illinois Central Railroad, in the states of Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana, and yet there is room for many more. Any contemplating a change of location should write the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa, for reliable printed matter concerning the South. J. F. MERRY, Assistant General Passenger Agent. d22-4w

ROUND TRIP TICKETS TO SOUTHERN RESORTS, VIA ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.—The Illinois Central Railroad are now selling round trip tickets to Jackson, Tenn., Aberdeen, Durant, Jackson and McComb City, Miss., Hammond and New Orleans, La., the Gulf Resorts, Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi and Ocean Springs, Miss., Mobile and Pensacola, Jacksonville and other Florida points; also to Jennings and Lake Charles, La., Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Galveston and El Paso, Texas, City of Mexico, Los Angeles and San Francisco. Tickets good to return until June 1st, 1891, excepting Mexico and California tickets, which are good to return within six months from date of sale. The Illinois Central R. R. run solid trains of elegant day coaches and Pullman buffet sleepers without change between Chicago and New Orleans, where direct connections are made with through car service to points in Florida, Texas, Mexico and California. For through rates, tickets, etc., apply to nearest ticket agent, and for further information and pamphlet descriptive of the Gulf Resorts, apply to F. B. BOWES, Gen'l. Northern Pass. Agent, Illinois Central R. R., 194 Clark St., Chicago.

SPECIAL MARDI GRAS EXCURSION—Who did you say was going on the Illinois Central special excursion to New Orleans? Why, everybody. Farmer Smith and his wife, because crops were good and prices ditto. Banker Jones and his wife, because collections are good. Lawyer Brown and his wife, because his fees have been promptly paid. Merchant Morse and wife, because he has had big trade. Doctor Cureeverybody and his wife because they need rest. What is going on at New Orleans? Why, bless you, the Great Mardi Gras Carnival, one of the grandest things in this country; and then, just think of the roses and posies right in midwinter. When does the special go? It will leave Decatur at 5.15 p. m., Wednesday February 5, 1891. The round trip rate to New Orleans only $20.50. And who will have charge of this special train, point out the attractions en route, and assist in getting rooms in Orleans, take us over to the Gulf Coast Resorts, and make every one of the party happy? Well, you better write the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa, and he will explain everything about the excursion. J. F. MERRY, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. jl7 d4t

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

GO TO THE RACES!

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.'S

CLEARING + SALE!

The Public have Learned to Know it Always

MEANS BARGAINS.

$2.50 Boys' Overcoats, to close, at $1.50
$3.50 Men's Overcoats, " " " $2.50
$5.00 Men's Overcoats, " " " $4.00
$10.00 Men's Overcoats, " " " $8.00

These Prices are from 10 to 25 per cent. less than you can buy the same quality of goods elsewhere.

100 CHILDREN'S SUITS at $1.50

Worth $2.00 and $2.50.

BIG REDUCTIONS in Reefer Coats and Vests, heavy Underwear, Knit Jackets, Winter Gloves, Caps, etc.

Special Inducements on Heavy Weight Goods in our MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERE PANTS MADE TO ORDER FOR $4.00.

We Manufacture the Best Overall, Working Shirts, and Jeans Pants that can be bought.

Working Shirts and Overalls Made to Order.

An Endless Variety of FURNISHING GOODS.

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.,

129--135 North Water Street.

GETTING + TRADE.

We're getting more and more trade every day—the people are getting to know that we are handling a nice clean stock of everything desirable in the way of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, Etc.

See the values we're offering in MUSLIN, SHEETINGS and PILLOW-CASINGS.

We've a nice assortment of TABLE SCARFS and TABLE COVERS in our Fancy Goods Department.

We're showing a good stock of Ladies', Gents' and Children's UNDERWEAR, as well as a nice lot of BLANKETS and COMFORTS.

Yours, to Serve,

✻ CHAS. T. JOHNSTON, ✻

Remember the Place, Hays' Old Stand,

151 NORTH WATER STREET.

SENT BACK FOR NEW TRIALS.

Verdicts Against Decatur Saloon Keepers Reversed at Springfield.

This forenoon Attorney J. J. Finn and David Hutchinson received a telegram from Springfield stating in brief that the Appellate Court had reversed and remanded the findings of the court and jury in the cases against Timothy Nealon, Harvey W. Downing and P. W. Finn, who had been indicted, tried and convicted for selling intoxicating liquor to minors. The fine in each case was $20 and costs.

Attorneys Finn and Hutchinson endeavored to secure a new trial in each case but Judge Hughes overruled the motions, and the attorneys took the cases to the Appellate Court, alleging a number of errors. The more important errors set up in the appeal were that the grand jury which indicted the defendants was improperly in session for two weeks, while the judge was absent holding court in another county; that the regular panel of the grand jury was improperly made up from among the by-standers in the court room, whereas the law is that the jurymen must be selected from the body of the county. In this particular jury six men who were in the court room were taken by the sheriff to make up the required number. Another error set up was that the petit jury was not properly formed.

The Decatur liquor cases have been closely watched by attorneys and saloon keepers, and the fact that these test cases have been sent back for a new trial is regarded as quite a victory for the defendants and their attorneys. No doubt in future there will be more trials in liquor cases and more appeals.

Sales of Real Estate.

William Horring to Charles Wise, Sr., deed to 10 acres in 2, 15, 1 east—$375.

R. B. Rogers to James W. Brown, deed to lots 4 and 5, block 1, in Rogers' addition—$200.

Isaac L. Gregory to Thomas M. Gregory, deed to 110 acres in 11, 14, 1 east—$3,000.

Theo. R. Ruthrauff to Wesley D Kunkel, deed to lot 23, block 2, Higgins' addition—$1,000.

Parker Beall and others to Elizabeth E. McCracken, quit claim to lot 17, block 3, in Warrensburg—$450.

E. A. Morgan to John Schenck, deed to lot 4, in 11, 18, 2 east—$500.

John Schenck to E. Morgan, deed to lot 4, in 11, 18, 2 east—$500.

James Hagan to Joseph Shafer, deed to the southwest quarter of section 21, 17, 1 west—$8,000.

John M. Rainey to H. W. Trueblood, deed to lot 4, block 1, Durfee, Warren & Co's addition—$1500.

Joseph E. Trimmer to John B. Haye, deed to an undivided one-quarter interest in the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 26, except 25 acres off of the west side; also one quarter interest in the north half of the northeast quarter of 35, except 5 rods square to be used as a burying ground, all in 17, 2 east—$1300.

Margaret Howard to W. C. Johns, deed to lot 3 in Hays' re-survey of lot 2 of William Martin's second addition to Decatur—$400.

Henry A. Wood to Adam F. Gephart, deed to lot 8, block 1, H. A. Wood's addition to Decatur—$175.

A Disastrous Contest.

In the Quincy, Ill., municipal election in 1886 John B. Kruty and C. F. Behrensmeyer were candidates for treasurer, and on the returns of the canvassing board Kruty was given the office. Behrensmeyer contested and won and Kruty appealed and got a change of venue, and it decided in his favor. Behrensmeyer then carried the case to the Supreme Court and yesterday the court decided Behrensmeyer was legally elected. Kruty's term expired on Dec. 1, 1890, and the new treasurer was sworn in. Kruty died leaving about $3,000 worth of court costs which it is now thought Behrensmeyer can be held legally responsible for. He is now wondering what benefit he got for all his trouble.

"Work horses in the city are worth three times as much as country horses because we blanket them in the stable."

FREE—Get from your dealer free, the 5/A Book. It has handsome pictures and valuable information about horses.

Two or three dollars for a 5/A Horse Blanket will make your horse worth more and eat less to keep warm.

Ask for
5/A Five Mile
5/A Boss Stable
5/A Electric
5/A Extra Test

30 other styles at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us.

5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL
Made by WM. AYRES & SONS, Philada. who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blanket.

Dug Up a Treasure.

Thursday one of the workmen who is employed in cleaning the canal locks near Joliet, struck his pick against a heavy obstacle deeply imbeded in the mud of the canal. Investigation proved it to be a strong wooden box which was evidently lost or thrown away years ago. The foreman in charge of the work broke the box open and found some old legal papers so badly damaged by water as to be illegible. There was also a package of bank notes of different denominations on the Mechanics' and Drovers' Bank of Joliet, which has been out of existence for over twenty years. The find of real value was some Mexican and Spanish coins, amounting to about $50, and an old flintlock firearm resembling a horse pistol. Experts have taken charge of the papers, and hope by drying and medical processes to decipher enough of the writing to ascertain to whom the mysterious looking box belonged.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

January Term—E. P. Vail, Judge.

THURSDAY, JAN. 22.

Court convened at the usual hour this forenoon.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

L. Darring & Co. vs. W. P. Hunter, appellant; appeal. Trial by court. Judgment against Hunter for $25.

David Beers vs. W. F. Neisler; assumpsit. Suit dismissed at costs of defendant.

John H. Mauzy, use of, &c., vs. B. A. Sands et al; debt. Demurrer to plea of *nil debit* sustained.

Adam Sholtz vs. N. M. Whittaker, appellant, appeal. Dismissed by agreement at costs of defendant.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

C. W. Ramsberg vs. Charles F. Nebloch et al; partition. Rule to file account extended to third Monday.

Robinson, Zimmerman & Co. vs. Charles Connaghan et al; chancery. Leave to file petition of Herdman Harrison Milling Co. and R. P. Smith & Sons, F. McVeagh & Co. and Storm & Hill made parties complainant.

Malinda Smith et al vs. Francis Blue et al; partion. Decree pro confesso and referred to master.

NOT INDICTED.

The following named parties, who have been under arrest, were not indicted by the grand jury, and have been discharged: Charles Mason, Fred Willis, Frank Hogan, Edward Rafferty, John Kempshall, Richard Carter and Michael J. O'Connor.

FRIDAY, JAN. 23.

Business was rather dull in court today, only civil cases receiving attention.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

Alexander H. Barnett vs. John P. Trimmer, appeal, suit dismissed by plaintiff.

Bloomington Pork Packing Co. vs. Blenz Bros., appellant, appeal; trial by jury pending.

The Village of Blue Mound vs. George W. Crews, appellant, appeal, suit dismissed by plaintiff.

Webb & Lewis, use of L. F. Webb, vs. T. J. Fleming, appeal; continued by agreement.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Mary E. Clark vs Charles H. Clark, divorce; suit dismissed by complainant.

Stax, Krouse & Co. vs. W. C. Dimock et al, foreclosure, decree pro confesso against defendants not answering cross-bill, and referred to master to report conclusions of law and fact.

SATURDAY, JAN. 24.

This forenoon in the circuit court after a few motions had been disposed of and the verdict in the Hoover-Lane case read, Judge Vail adjourned court until Monday next at 1:30 p. m.

CASE FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Judge Vail heard the Douglas county drainage case in chambers, on the application of the commissioners of Drainage District No. 1 to dissolve the injunction secured against going ahead with the improvement which involves a taxation on the land-owners of $16,000 for a distance of seven miles. Attorney Chas. E. Eckhardt, of Tuscola, represents the commissioners, Messrs. Frank Goodson, William Carroll, William Howe and Geo. Ninstee, and Commissioner Goodson was present in person. Attorneys J. W. Craig, of Tuscola, and J. M. Newman, of Tuscola, are fighing to have the injunction stand. The attorneys on both sides presented their arguments at length, and each interrupted the other as often as he pleased.

The case is still under consideration.

COMMON LAW DOCKET

H. H. Hoover, appellant, vs. Anna Lee; appeal. Trial by jury. Verdict for plaintiff for $20.46. Judgment entered.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Frank W. Caldwell vs. Jessie Keppel et al, foreclosure. Suit dismissed by complainant.

The People's Savings and Loan Association vs. Charles F. Brand et al; foreclosure. Decree for $1602.06 debt and $45 solicitors' fee and costs. George P. Hardy appointed receiver. Bond, $500, with Albert Barnes, as surety approved.

Doesn't Approve of the Theatre.

Abram Brokaw, the millionaire plow maker of Bloomington, has obtained an injunction and stopped the construction of a new sidewalk on Market street to connect Main and East Congress with the new opera house. The walk is contiguous to his property. He also brought suit for $50,000 damages for change of grade. Brokaw is conscientiously and violently opposed to theatrical performances of all kinds.

DODDS' CATARRH CURE

LOCAL AND INTERNAL TREATMENT.

In order to cure catarrh it is necessary to allay the inflammation of the irritated membranes with a soothing application, cleanse the head of the plugging mucous secretions, and heal the discharging ulcers. For cold in the head and nasal catarrh Dodds' local treatment does this without the aid of snuff, douches or fumes. If the disease has extended downwards, affecting the bronchial tubes or lungs, digestion and blood, the internal treatment both removes from the system the scattered poison, and by its building-up properties assists nature in restoring the impaired parts. Send for our book treating on catarrh. FOSTER, MILBURN & Co., proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Decatur by C. F. Shilling, East End Drug store, and King & Wood, 139 N. Water Street.

WHAT THEY DID.

Resolutions Passed by the State Supervisors in Convention.

From Saturday's Daily.

Supervisors Freeman, Whitley and Quinn, who represented the Macon county board at the state convention of Illinois supervisors at Springfield, have returned home.

WHAT WAS DONE.

The committee on hard roads suggested that a law be passed providing for the issue of twenty-five year bonds, to be floated at a low rate of interest, the proceeds to be used in building hard roads and the bonds to be paid by assessments upon the lands specially benefitted.

The committee on legislation reported a resolution asking the legislature to authorize county boards to redistrict voting precincts as occasion may require, but the convention refused to adopt this.

A resolution favoring the reduction of the salaries of county superintendents of schools was adversely reported, and the convention agreed with the committee that such a reduction would be very unwise.

The committee reported adversely a resolution recommending the repeal of the law requiring the publication of the financial reports of township officers.

A resolution was adopted asking the state to provide a suitable home and mechanical school for the care, maintenance and education of homeless children who have not committed crimes necessitating their committal to reform schools.

The committee on care of the insane reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that the incurable insane of the state should be suitably and properly cared for by the state, and we most earnestly request the Thirty-seventh General Assembly to make provision for the care and maintenance of the incurable insane by suitable and proper legislation, believing as we do that no means short of a state control of this subject will properly meet the demands of a humane and just people and remedy the evils now so apparent in the care and management of this unfortunate class of our fellow-men

It was the sense of the convention that the Australian ballot system should be adopted. The report submitted by the committee on taxation was adopted. It recommends that both the real and personal property of all persons and corporations be assessed on the basis of its fair cash value; that the legislature be requested to fix the maximum limitation of the tax levy at 1 per cent on such valuation in any one year, and to also prohibit county authorities from assessing taxes the aggregate of which shall exceed 20 cents on each $100 valuation. The report also recommended that all persons and corporations listing property for taxation should be examined under oath. The convention then adjourned to meet in Peoria the second Tuesday in January next.

Has Kept His Eyes Open.

A subscriber to the REPUBLICAN who has read with much interest its arguments in support of protection and against the assumptions of free traders writes us as follows:

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: Besides your tin plate racket you might take up cutlery. In 1871 American made pocket-knives were almost unknown and IXL English goods, that now sell at 60c, sold at $1.25. The brands in demand then were IXL and Wade & Butcher.

In hand saws, Sheffield goods had to be kept, now you might give $5 each for samples of English saws and find trouble in getting them.

In files, "W. S Butcher" was the leader, to-day fully 90 per cent of the files in use are home made, and sell at less than one-third the old price.

Butcher and table knives also offer a good field for pictures.

I paid $28 for a coat only in 1870; full suit now costs about $16. Yours,

H.

Macon News.

Ed Cook, of the Taylorville *Democrat*, was in our city Sunday

W. M. Hight shipped a carload of hogs to Chicago Monday.

About a dozen boys went down to Walker Saturday on a skating tour.

J. L. Hight and L. Sawyer were in Decatur Tuesday.

Married, in our city, Wednesday night, Ed Hight to Lela Beschel.

E. F. DeGour, of Long Creek, was visiting in our city Sunday.

John Combs, Hallie Woodcock and N. D. Hill were in Decatur Saturday.

L. Lawley, who has been visiting in Springfield, returned home Saturday.

S. G. Washburn and wife visited friends in Walker one day last week.

George Pollard and wife, of Lovington, returned home Saturday after a weeks visit in our city.

Mrs. Walter Towling and children, of Decatur, were visiting in our city last week.

J. H. Dunn has sold his barber shop to A. Iberson.

Miss Witt is very ill at her home in this city.

Charles Martin and Joe Sander were in Decatur Friday.

J. Daggett, C. Ensley and Art Kyner attended a concert at Madison church Friday night.

L. F. Webb was in Assumption Tuesday on business.

Charley Webb is on the sick list this week.

Mr. Lacey, of Charleston, was visiting his son Charley Wednesday. G.

Jan. 23.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a *hopeless victim of consumption* that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use and after taking ten bottles, found herself sound and well, now she does her own housework and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at King & Wood's Drug Store, large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

IN THE COUNTY JAIL.

Actor Dick Primrose and Wife Come to Grief in Decatur.

From Friday's Daily.

This morning a story came from the Songer House on West Main street, opposite Caldwell's livery stable, that a man had a watch stolen from his room, and that the thief had fled down the alley and had made his escape.

The party robbed was Thomas Turnour, one of Wallalar's wicked aids in "Superba," who has a room at the Songer House. He did not know the name of the party who stole his watch, but he gave Marshal Mason a good description of the thief. Officers Leech and Koeppe succeeded in apprehending the accused, who proved to be Henry H. Primrose, alias Richard Primrose, late manager of a comedy company that disbanded at Niantic, in this county, after a dismal engagement of one consecutive night.

Primrose was caught at the Union depot, and with him was his wife, Bertie Primrose. They were brought up town, and in Justice Curtis' office the state warrant for the arrest of Primrose and his wife on the charge of stealing the $14 watch, Elgin make, was issued. Each was held for trial in the sum of $50 bail.

It appears that the couple had stopped a few days at the Mrs. Mary Shaughnessy boarding house on East Eldorado street, and had left without paying their bill. The landlady also swore out a state warrant for failing to pay the board bill, and the bail in that case was fixed at $50. Husband and wife went to jail.

Primrose has been the manager of a company formed at Springfield, which has been playing "Love's Obstacles," with the following cast:

Mrs. Joblots	Miss Birtie Primrose
Mr. Joblots	W. J. Aston
Dr. Ringbone	Mr. Dell Carr
Dick Milford	Richard Primrose
Bashful Bob	Miss Rexy Dee
Poker Jack	Mr. Carrol Ardine
Peto, the Servant	Brank Langdon
Little Madge	Miss Stella Cline

The collapse at Niantic sent part of the people to Springfield, Primrose and wife and Stella Cline coming to Decatur, hoping to find a "farmer" who would put up cash to put the show on its feet again, but the bright expectation was not realized.

The Turnour watch was not found in the possession of Primrose. He denied all knowledge of the watch.

A young man in the court room volunteered the information to Justice Curtis that he knew Bertie Primrose. He said her home is at Mason City, Ill., where she is known as Bertie Huffman, daughter of Joseph Huffman. He stated further that Bertie had joined Primrose at Lincoln, Ill., and they had since been traveling together.

CONVICTING EVIDENCE.

It developed after Primrose and wife had been put in jail that Turnour's watch chain and a ring had been pawned or sold for $3 at White's place on North Water street, by a party answering the description of Primrose. The same party had previously tried to sell the same articles at Melhorn's place. The grand jury is in session. It is likely to make quick work of the case for Primrose.

From Saturday's Daily.

Actor Primrose Goes Back to Jail While Bertie is Discharged.

This morning Actor H. E. Primrose and his companion, Bertie Primrose, were brought over from the county jail into Justice Curtis' court to answer to the charge of stealing a watch, a chain and a ring from Thomas Turnour, of the "Superba" company. Primrose waived examination and went back to jail. Bertie was discharged, as the prosecution felt satisfied that she was not a party to the larceny at the Songer House.

The young woman's home is at Mason City, Ill., where her father and stepmother reside. She told the 'Squire that she had run away from home to join Primrose in his professional career, and for her devotion to him Primrose made Bertie the star of the comedy company which gave "Love's Obstacles" so badly that the company stranded at Niantic. The 'Squire advised Bertie to return to her Mason City home, and offered to pay her fare, but she refused to go back. "Stepmother" was her laconic excuse.

The grand jury has the Primrose case under consideration. He will be indicted and held for trial at the next term of court, unless he chooses to plead guilty at once and begin serving out his sentence, whatever it may be.

A Highly Educated County.

School Superintendent Shawhan, in his report for Champaign county, shows that there are only nine children between the ages of 12 and 21 in the county who are unable to read and write, and six of these are mentally weak. The school-going population of the county is 13,913, and there are 242 school buildings and 357 teachers, fifty of the schools being provided with good libraries. The total amount per year paid in teachers' salaries is $104,118.73, male teachers being paid from $25 to $133 per month, and females from $22 to $55. The bonded school debt of the county is $58,920 and the value of the school property is $319,575.

BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT.

This wonderful Liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating Liniment in the world. It will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Old Sores, Burns, Sciatica Sore Throat, Sore Chest and all inflammation, after all others have failed. It will cure Barbed Wire Cuts and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient with animals. Try it and you will not be without it. Price 50 cents. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. 4

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LANDS IN SOUTHERN ILLINOIS—Lands for sale in southern Illinois Central Railroad company are offered at so low a price that it seems absurd to tell what they are capable of producing, yet it is a fact that the crops from apple orchards are yielding from $?00 to $600 per acre. There are many farmers, fruit growers, who are realizing each year from $150 to $500 per acre for their fruit and early vegetables, and some who are realizing $1,000 per acre. These of course are successful men of business, who study how to do it. Do you want the same chance of making money? You can have it by going into this country and buying some of the same lands from the Illinois Central Railroad company, and by apply the ability you have in a business manner to their improvement and cultivation, you can have in a short time as valuable land as that of a successful fruit grower, on the line of this railroad, who said the other day, "I have brought my land to such a high state of cultivation that no one can buy it of me for $500 per acre, as I can net $100 per acre off it every year." Most of the lands offered for sale by the Illinois Central railroad company can be made to produce the same results. They lie along the line of this railroad at a distance of from 3 to 16 miles, and the country is traversed by many other railroads, thus affording every facility for transportation of early fruits and vegetables to any market that may be selected, fruit express trains being run daily to Chicago, St. Louis and other points on as fast time as regular passenger trains. Address or call upon L. P. MOREHOUSE, Land Commissioner I. C. R. R. Co., Room 28, No. 78 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

AN AWFUL DISASTER

Explosion in a Frick Coke-Works Mine at Mammoth, Pa.

WITH DREADFUL LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE

One Hundred Coffins Ordered, But Each Passing Hour Adds to the Number Known to be Lost—Not a Survivor.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 28.—A Scottdale (Pa.) special to the Times says: Eighty miners are known to have been killed in the shaft of the Mammoth Coke-works mine by the terrible explosion which occurred early yesterday morning. Mine Boss Eaton, who escaped about one minute before the fatal explosion, is the only individual remaining to relate the story.

An order for eighty coffins was given to a Mt. Pleasant undertaker yesterday afternoon.

John Boles, whose brother is in the fatal shaft, was here yesterday evening and relates the following story: "About nine o'clock yesterday morning we heard a loud report in the direction of the shaft. We immediately started to the opening only to find a suffocating volume of smoke and gas gushing therefrom and at once knew what was wrong. We began the work of subduing the flames and clearing the shaft of gas. This we accomplished by starting the large fans. I am convinced that every man who was in the shaft at the time was killed either by falling timbers or by the after damp. When I left the mine last evening fifty persons were known to have been killed."

A special representative of the Times and United Press now at the scene of the accident telegraphs from Youngwood, Pa., as follows:

"One hundred and ten men were killed in the mine explosion at Mammoth mine No 1. Sixty of the bodies have been recovered. The mine is on fire, and it is thought that many of the unfortunates will be burned before it is possible to reach them. An army of men are at work in the pit endeavoring to stay the fire and recover the dead bodies. They are making but little headway.

District Master Workman Wise last evening issued an appeal to the miners and coke-workers throughout the coke regions for prompt contributions in aid of the families of the unfortunate victims of the disaster.

The news of the explosion was received by Mr. H. C. Frick in Pittsburgh yesterday afternoon. Mr. Frick was filled with consternation at the extent of the disaster. He said: "We have never had an accident like this in any of our mines. The Mammoth plant was thought to be one of the safest of mines when we gave it in charge of Mine Inspector Fred Keighley. No expense has been spared to make our mines as safe as possible."

Twenty-five trimmed coffins were shipped from Pittsburgh to Mt. Pleasant last evening. Another lot of seventy-five has been ordered for shipment this morning.

One hundred and ten men were employed in that part of the mine in which the explosion occurred and not one was left to tell the story of the disaster. Not more than fifty of the men were killed by the explosion. The others were overcome by the after-damp, and while some of the bodies are horribly torn, burned and mutilated, others were found with their teeth clinched on the iron rail of the pit road. Others were found with faces plunged into the water and not a few were found upon their knees as if engaged in prayer.

Fire Boss Sneath was identified by his gum boots. His body was scattered about in a dozen places. His head was torn from his shoulders. Both legs were torn off and that part of his body recovered was roasted and blackened. His left hand clutching his lamp was found over one hundred feet from the trunk of his body. One of his gum boots was found fifty yards away, one of his feet with part of a leg attached was found also. When the parts of his body was collected and sent in a sheet to the pit mouth, they were identified by an engineer recognizing the boots.

There is little information regarding the horror. Every body in the pit was killed. The position of their bodies told the story of their end. The force of the explosion was felt for miles around, and caused a panic among the pupils in the township school house nearly a mile away. The men employed in the Mammoth No. 2, separated by one hundred acres of coal, felt the shock and were the first to sound the alarm.

Superintendent Keighley [illegible] thoroughly competent man, sent [illegible] all of the company's mines in the district for aid, and from ten o'clock [illegible] morning until midnight, an army of men were engaged in [illegible] the dead.

The scenes around the shaft [illegible] are indescribable, mothers, sisters, children and old men crowd [illegible] eager to recognize their loved ones. Their wailings and shrieks [illegible] strike terror to the [illegible]. Scarce a house in the [illegible] mourning and the work of carrying out the dead continues.

Died of His Injuries.

NEW YORK, Jan. [illegible] dersen, who was [illegible] in the old rookery [illegible] tucky House, corner of [illegible] Bleecker streets [illegible] Italian [illegible] Carlo [illegible] has not [illegible]

Marine [illegible]

WASH[illegible] annual [illegible] Mar[illegible] tion [illegible] President John [illegible] chair and J. H. Harris of Chicago secretary. About 500 delegates are present.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—A battalion of troops commanded by Colonel Sanford, arrived at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., yesterday from Pine Ridge Agency.

—The new cruiser San Francisco has gone from Mare Island to make a Government trial trip, with none but Government officials on board.

—By the decision of the Supreme Court of Missouri John Oscar Turlington, the murderer of Sheriff Crammer, of Boone Co., is to hang March 6.

—Ramon Lopez was executed at Santa Barbara, yesterday, for the murder of May Beserillo. Two hundred citizens witnessed the execution.

—A terrible gas explosion occurred at Mill Grove, Ind., at a gas well being drilled by the Salamonie Gas Company. Three men were seriously burned, one fatally.

—John Hessters, treasurer of Ancaster township, was shot and killed at Ancaster, Ont., about 2 a. m., yesterday, by burglars, who afterwards ransacked the house.

—The young man who committed suicide by jumping over the falls at Niagara Sunday evening has been identified as Karl Stephens, of Buffalo, N. Y., eighteen years of age.

—An attempt was made to destroy the Oberlin (O.) Record building Monday morning. This is the second attempt to destroy the place by setting fire to it by unknown persons.

—The vote for United States Senator in the Wisconsin Legislature yesterday resulted: Senate—William F Vilas, 16, John C Spooner, 14. House—Vilas, 66, Spooner, 31. The vote in joint session will be taken to-day.

—Miss Ida Ewing was choked and beaten until it is thought she can not recover in a church near Osgood, Ind., Saturday evening, by two women, one of whom accused Miss Ewing of writing rude letters to her daughter.

—The war vessels of the Chilian revolutionists have taken up position in the roadstead of Porto Quimbo and have commenced bombarding that city. The insurgents have captured the towns of Limach Alto and Quillota.

—Bruce Douglass, aged twenty seven years, who claimed to be the nephew and heir of Robert Percy Douglass, fourth Earl of that name, died at the San Francisco County Hospital as a result of dissipation and pneumonia.

—The negotiations now pending for the purchase by the Vanderbilts of several of the Northern Michigan iron mines now controlled by the Schlesinger syndicate will involve, if consummated, a consideration of several millions of dollars.

—Fred Frenz, aged sixty five years, a quarrelsome old man living at East Oakfield, N. Y., shot and killed himself with an old shotgun, yesterday. Saturday Frenz was abusing his wife, and his sons interfered and gave him a severe beating.

—Con Connolly, foreman on the Annex dam of the Carmel (N. Y.) storage reservoir, was killed by an explosion of blasting powder yesterday. Just exactly how the explosion happened is unknown. The shock was felt three miles distant.

—The contract for the building of fifty five miles of the Great Northern, between Bonner's Ferry, on the Kootenai, and Kootenai Falls, Wash., has been let to Burns & Chapman, of Spokane Falls. The contract will involve an expenditure of over a million dollars.

—Mrs. Flack, formerly the wife of James A. Flack, ex sheriff of New York, died at 1 a. m. yesterday of paralysis. The district attorney said he could not say what the effect of her death would be on the new trial of Flack and his son for criminal conspiracy in the divorce case.

—Telegraphic communication from New York City with outside points has not as yet been entirely restored. The situation is somewhat improved, but several days more of hard work will be required before the telegraph offices can handle business without serious delay.

—Two hundred Chicago sheep butchers in the employ of Armour, Swift and Morris have gone out on strike upon the refusal of the packers to grant their demand for pay by the piece instead of by per diem. About 500 wool cleaners and combers are thrown out of employment by the strike.

—General John W. Prewitt, of Clark County, Ky., one of the directors of the new Growers' tobacco warehouse at Louisville, was sitting on the temporary railing that inclosed the elevator shaft of the building, when it gave way, precipitating him to the bottom and crushing his skull.

—Thomas King and Alfred Call, both bosses in the employ of Peter Costello, a contractor, engaged in a quarrel at Spokane Falls, Wash., yesterday. King drew a revolver on Call and the latter ran the tines of a pitchfork through King's head, killing him instantly. Call gave himself up.

—Philip Stattler, a farmer, who was badly beaten about the head with a base ball bat by Henry Krieger, at the latter's saloon in Cincinnati, last Tuesday night, died at the City Hospital yesterday from the injuries sustained. Krieger is under bond for assault with intent to kill. The charge will be changed to murder.

—Two men, supposed to be the murderers of Conductor O'Neil, have been arrested, one near Belle Plaine and the other near Tama, Ia., not far from the scene of the murder. One of the men had a fresh bullet wound in his leg, presumably from Detective Purcell's revolver, who shot at the fleeing tramps after O'Neil was killed.

—In a collision at Irving station, Kan., on the Union Pacific railroad between a military train carrying soldiers returning from the Indian war and a passenger, two soldiers and a brakeman were killed and twelve soldiers were wounded. A large number of cavalry horses were also killed. The accident was caused by [illegible] of the conductor of the [illegible], who has disappeared.

[illegible]

UNITED FOR LIFE.

The Marriage of Miss Mary Finn to John Grant, of Chicago.

This morning at 8 o'clock at St. Patrick's church, the nuptials of Miss Mary Finn, of this city, and Mr. John Grant of Chicago, were observed, Rev. Father Finn, brother of the bride, officiating. The church was well filled with the friends and relatives of the contracting parties. The couple was attended by Miss Nellie Leahy, of this city, and Michael Conway, of Chicago. The bride was attired in a beautiful costume of white albatross, and the bridesmaid wore a fawn-colored princess dress, both wearing natural flowers for ornaments. After the ceremony the party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Finn, No. 845 North Clinton street, where an elaborate wedding breakfast was spread. Those present from abroad were Mr. John Finn and Miss Nellie Veale, of Chicago, and Miss Mary Coleman, of Bloomington. The bride is a most estimable young lady and enjoys the acquaintance of a host of friends. The groom is a member of the Chicago police department and is a popular and highly esteemed officer. The REPUBLICAN extends congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Grant and wishes them happiness and prosperity.

There will be a wedding reception this evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Veale.

The couple will depart to-night at midnight for Chicago, where they will reside.

Marriage at Moswequa.

On Tuesday evening at 6:30 o'clock by the Rev. J. W. Winchell, pastor of the Baptist church, Chas. Kirkman and Miss Ada Adams were united in the bands of matrimony at Moswequa. Mr. Kirkman is the second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H Kirkman and the bride is the handsome and accomplished daughter of Mr. John Adams, formerly a prominent farmer of that community, now a resident of Santa Cruz, California. The Presbyterian church was used for the occasion; it was beautifully and artistically decorated with flowers and evergreen. A marriage bell composed of handsome flowers was suspended in front of the pulpit, under which the happy couple stood when the ceremony was performed. Mrs. J. A. Combs executed the wedding march in her usual style. After the ceremony the contracting parties with a few of their most intimate friends returned to the home of the bridegroom where a bountiful and magnificent supper was prepared to which all did ample justice, speaking highly of the culinary ability of the caterer. The bride and groom took the 9 o'clock train for Clinton which will be their future home. May peace, happiness and prosperity be their fortune.

A Generous Offer.

As neat a thing as has been done in Decatur for many years is the offer by Mr. and Mrs. James Millikin to donate to the Industrial and Charitable Union the two and one-half story house and the lot on which it is situated, on North Lowber street, to be used as a home for aged and indigent women and other charitable purposes. The property has been known as the Working Men's Hotel, and has eighteen rooms, exclusive of closets. The lot has a frontage of eighty feet. There is no doubt that the Union will accept the gift promptly and dedicate it to the uses intended.

Copying Decatur.

The woman's club of Peoria, comprising fifty of the wealthiest ladies in Peoria, will erect a club house at a cost of $75,000.

SELF LIGHTING.

Goes in the Pocket Like a Match Box.

We have had a thousand calls for these *Magic Lamps* for the pocket, but the [illegible] has been so crowded with [illegible] we have just received our [illegible] to order was in during [illegible] Price of outfit, $1.00.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

[illegible] for Castoria
[illegible] she cried for Castoria
[illegible] she clung to Castoria
[illegible] she gave them Castoria.

[illegible] Market.

[illegible] the closing quotations [illegible] at 1:15 p. m. to-day, re[illegible] B. Z. Taylor, Secretary Decatur [illegible] Co.

[illegible] receipts [illegible] steady. [illegible], 36; corn, 129; oats, [illegible] May $.96⅝; July [illegible] May 52⅛. [illegible] May 45⅝. [illegible] Jan $9.62; May $10.10. [illegible]—Jan $5.67; May $6.17. Pigs Jan $4.75; May $5.15.

THE SAME OLD STORY.

A New York Money Lender Trying to Indict Major Emery, of Maroa.

From Monday's Daily.

REPUBLICAN readers are familiar with the fact that Major C. F. Emery, of Maroa, who for many years has been handling Eastern money, has met with financial reverses, particularly in his investments in Dakota, the money having been placed there at a time when the most careful money lenders were jostling each other in the race to place investments. Several months ago the REPUBLICAN gave a detailed statement of Major Emery's business failure in taking mortgages on Dakota land, and his ill luck has been the subject of common talk ever since. Like hundreds of other men who had invested money in Dakota, the Major was prospering for a year or two and everything promised big returns. In making the loans Major Emery guaranteed the interest, and he paid the interest promptly as it became due, although the crop failures in each succeeding season made it impossible for the farmers to meet their obligations. Emery hoped against hope that the crops would be good, but they were not and the natural result was complete failure of the investments. Then came the failure of the Emery bank at Hitchcock, Dakota, and Emery realized that his possessions were about to disappear. He came back to Macon county and paid all of his personal debts in Decatur, Maroa and Central Illinois, and has since been in business at Maroa.

Among the Major's creditors in the East are Dwight McIntyre and J. T. Newman, of Ithaca, N. Y. These gentlemen claim that the Major owes them $30,000, money invested in Dakota. Mr. McIntyre and Mr. Newman have had frequent consultations with Mr. Emery, and they have had a settlement which appears to have been satisfactory to the New Yorkers. Because Mr. Emery did not pay Mr. McIntyre a pro rata share of the money used to pay the Emery home debts in full, Mr. McIntyre has since been making threats to have Mr. Emery indicted for embezzlement and forgery. Mr. Emery enters a positive denial that he has in any sense been guilty of forgery or embezzlement, and is prepared to prove his innocence if necessary. Mr. Emery admits that he owes Mr. McIntyre about $6000.

It is published that Mr. McIntyre has gone before the present grand jury to secure an indictment against Mr. Emery. The jury may have the case under consideration, but in any event, if an indictment is returned the public will certainly suspend judgment until the facts are developed at the trial.

Mr. Emery has been an honored citizen and business man at Maroa for many years. He has been a good business man, active and careful. In his transactions in Dakota he was too lenient and generous for his own good, trusting the farmers and paying interest for them out of his own pocket.

No one acquainted with Major Emery will credit any accusation of criminality lodged against him, and certainly it is but fair and just not to pass judgment on the case before the trial is had.

Lodge Party at Moweaqua.

Moweaqua Lodge, No. 1013, Knights of Honor, invited Home Lodge, No. 3574, of Prairie Home, to meet with them on Monday night. A goodly number was present of both lodges, and a very pleasant meeting was held. After the meeting the members all proceeded to Frank Hempel's, where a bountiful supper was prepared, which was partaken of by all present in a truly zealous style, after which cigars were smoked, jokes were cracked and a real good, old-fashioned, enjoyable time was spent, the visiting brethren returning home, declaring themselves royally entertained, and were well pleased with their visit.

MARRIED.

At Macon on January 27, by Judge Nelson, Frank J Tomlinson and Miss Nora B Combs, both of Macon.

DIED.

At Moaweqna, Dec. 26, Miss Mary, eldest daughter of Patrick McCarthy.

SOME REMARKABLE CURES of deafness are recorded of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Never fails to cure earache.

THE Bluegrass Shop will make you low figures on vehicle work. apr 16-df

EVERYBODY!

COME TO OUR

SEMI-ANNUAL

Remnant SALE,

SATURDAY MORNING,

January 10th.

REMNANTS

from all Departments FIFTY CENTS on the Dollar.

S. G. HATCH & BRO.,

143 East Main Street.

A Democratic "What Is It"

Our Prairie street contemporary is slippery, very slippery. When we gave it, on demand, abundant proof from a speech of Roger Q. Mills that free traders do teach that England is the natural manufacturing country and the United States the natural farming country and that protection is a barrier to the exchange of products which each is so well adapted to produce, it replies in a column article, that those who teach these things are not free traders and do not mean to teach free trade by these arguments. The sensible and thoughtful reader will be puzzled to know what they do aim to teach by these arguments, if not free trade. Free trade, whatever the *Review* may claim, is what they aim to and do teach by such assumptions. In the same speech delivered by Mr. Mills from which we quoted in proof of our statement as outlined above, he also said:

> But if that day is to come it must be preceded by a reversal of the policy of commercial restriction(protection). We must remove, both by legislation and diplomacy every hindering cause that prevents the free exchange of the products of our labor in the markets of the world. We must unfetter every arm and let every muscle strike for the highest remuneration of toil. We must let wealth, the creator of labor, grow up in the homes of our people. Then every industry will spring forward at a bound, and wealth, prosperity and power will bless the land that is dedicated to free men, free labor and free trade.

This position is certainly plain enough for the *Review* to understand. It is plain enough to preclude the possibility of sensible quibbling. It represents the position of the Democratic party. That party means to do exactly what Mr. Mills argues ought to be done, namely, to establish, as soon as it has power, free trade. It means to put this country in position where the laboring man will be forced to hustle for bread on the same basis of wages like laborers in Great Britain receive with the disadvantage that the artillery of free trade will be trained upon our factories and mills as infringements upon the divine rights of Great Britain to do the manufacturing.

But, while the Democratic party desires to be able to bring about these things, as soon as it is safe to do so, it fears that the people of this country will not accept the teaching in its entirety, and like the *Review*, its organs and public teachers, while they teach it, deny in campaign times, in the North, that such is their intention. But at other times they are more bold. The speech of Mr. Mills, from which we quote, was delivered in Congress in 1884, before the campaign of that year was opened and he let go what he believed. The logical conclusion, of every other Democratic tariff speech, however, delivered in Congress at that time and since is the same as that of Mills.

Free trade, pure and simple, is popular in the South, but as we before intimated, these free traders are very careful, with but occasional accidental exceptions, to deny in the North that they favor free trade. One of these exceptions is found in Mills' speech delivered last fall in Minneapolis, Minn. In that speech he said:

> The Almighty never designed that any man or woman should be independent of his fellow man. He made us dependent upon each other. We must exchange the things we do not want for the thing we must have. And to do this we must have absolute free trade.

Every Democrat in the crowd cheered this sentiment as lustily as the Democrats in the Illinois House of Representatives cheered the same sentiment when expressed by Mr. Cockrell in a speech delivered a few days ago. But the *Review*, in face of these facts, has the audacity to say that the Democratic party is not a free trade party. If it is not a free trade party we have in it the spectacle of a party which does a great deal of lying to bring about that which it says it does not believe in.

AN electric railway is to be constructed between Seattle and Tacoma, Wash., a distance of forty-two miles. This will be the longest electric road in existence, and its successful and economical operation will go far to demonstrate the feasibility of applying electric motive power to railways of very much greater length.

A Certain Relief.

Many aged people suffer greatly with a dry, hard cough, a painful feeling of tightness and oppression across the chest and a sense of a dull uncomfortable pain in the side. They carry this about year after year, sometimes feeling better and sometimes worse, but never being able to throw it entirely off. They fancy that it is one of the accompaniments of old age which they must perforce put up with as best they can. This need not be the case, all of these symptoms are simply the result of inflammation more or pronounced of the air passages of the lungs, and of the thin membrane that constitutes their lining. They can be relieved by taking REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE. It is the best remedy for old age that was ever discovered because it is in itself stimulating and nutritious and aids the enfeebled digestive organs to regain their former tone. For sale by all druggists, 25 and 50 cents.

SYLVAN REMEDY COMPANY,
Sole Manufacturers,
107 Main St. Peoria, Ill.

CLOSING OUT!

—OUR—

Entire Stock

REGARDLESS

—OF—

COST!

Commencing MONDAY, Jan. 26, and continue until the present stock is closed.

NOW IS YOUR TIME! We want to Change our Entire Business.

THE FAIR

—OF—

Weaver & Lewis.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

PUBLIC SALE—The undersigned will sell at his resipence, three and one-half miles north of Harristown, known as the Eyman farm, on Tuesday, Feb. 17th, the following property: Seventeen head of horses and colts, 50 head of cattle, 80 head of fat hogs, if not sold before day of sale. A lot of farm implements and house hold and kitchen furniture. J. B. ALLEN. J. W. THORNBILL, Auctioneer. j29-w3t

PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will sell at his residence, four and one-half miles southwest of Mt. Zion, on Thursday, February 5th, 1891, the following property: 12 head of horses, mules and colts, 45 head of shoats, 4 two-horse wagons, 3 breaking plows, 4 cultivators, binder, buggy and other farming utensils. Sale to commence at ten o'clock. Terms of sale—a credit of twelve months on all sums over $5, the purchaser giving note with approved security; $5 and under, cash in hand. JAMES BLANEY. jan22-w2

STOCK SALE.—The undersigned will sell at public sale at the residence of J. C. Batchelder, 5½ miles southwest of Warrensburg, and 4½ miles northwest of Harristown, on Tuesday, February 3, 1891, the following stock: 31 head of horses, consisting of 9 roadster brood mares, sired by such stallions as Eclipse Medium, Maj. Kelsey and Robert Allen. These mares are now bred to Eclipse Medium and Mambrino Monarch, and are from three to nine years old. Some are standard bred and registered. Among the lot are some that have as much Morgan blood as can be found in this country. Fourteen 2 to 6 year old fillies and geldings, some of which are excellent drivers, broke single and double, and some safe for ladies to ride and drive. Seven yearling fillies and geldings. One extra fine mare pony, jet black, with white face and hind feet. This mare is well broken, quiet for ladies and children to ride and drive. These horses are all sired by such stallions as Eclipse Medium, Major Kelsey, Robert Allen, General Logan, Young Highland King, etc. Thirty seven head of catle. Twenty head of grade Aberdeen Angus and Shorthorn cows, all bred to thoroughbred Angus bull; 17 head of Shorthorn and Angus calves. About 25 head of Poland and Berkshire shoats. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. Lunch at noon for all. Terms—a credit of 10 months will be given on all sums over $10, purchaser giving note with approved security. $10 and under, cash in hand.
J. C. BATCHELDER
G. F. GILMAN.
COL. G. W. WOY, Auctioneer. jan22-w2

FOR SALE—FARM—A choice Stock Farm of 142 acres in Mt. Zion township, 6 miles from Decatur. Well improved and in good order. Will be sold to right party on easy terms. Also other farms from 80 to 240 acres, by JOHN A. BROWN, Court House Block. nov1-d&w tf

DISEASE CONQUERED.—A new and scientific discovery, Kidd's Germ Eradicator. Those who have tried all the specialists and other remedies and are not cured, to [illegible] say try the Eradicator," it is prepared [illegible] the Germ or Microbe, which is admitted to [illegible] father of all sickness. The air [illegible] full of these little worms breeding [illegible] this article does not cure [illegible] refund the money. $5 per [illegible] sent anywhere on receipt of [illegible] AMERICAN PILL AND MED[illegible] Spencer, Clay Co. [illegible] J. STONER, M. D. [illegible] issues bona [illegible]

MONEY to loan [illegible] ments, or home [illegible] negotiated on [illegible] city business property [illegible] Apply to A. T. SUMMERS, [illegible] jly15-d&w tf

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